

# **TSTOWER FOR SELF-SUPPORTING**

# **LATTICED TOWERS**

# STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS SOFTWARE FOR COMMUNICATION TOWERS

**USER'S MANUAL** 

Βy

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# Chapter 1 INTRODUCTION

*TSTower* is a general computer program for the analysis and design of cantilevered latticed self-supporting towers. Towers can either have triangular or square cross sections. The program will solve using the American codes TIA/EIA 222-F, ANSI/TIA-222-G, ANSI/TIA-222-H and the Canadian equivalent CSA S37-94, CSA S37-01, CSA S37-13 and CSA S37-18. Load generation, capacity assessments follow the applicable codes, and analysis is based on a three-dimensional beam model.

The program analyzes the tower for all specified wind and ice loads and determines the capacity of the members. The results are displayed graphically on the screen. This allows the designer to visually check the adequacy of the design and quickly make adjustments to achieve the optimum solution. The program allows for a full printout or a summary printout of the results. A graphical printout of the profile is also available.

# HARDWARE REQUIRMENTS

The following minimum system requirements to run TSTower:

- An IBM compatible PC equipped with a Pentium processor running under Windows 98, 2000, NT, XP, Windows 7 and Windows8
- 50 MB free disk space
- 16 MB RAM
- 14 inch SVGA monitor with (800 x 600 min resolution)
- A pointing device, a mouse or graphical tablet configured to work under windows.
- An optional printer that is set from windows

# INSTALLING TSTOWER

The TSTower installation is initiated from windows. From start menu choose run, insert the disk labeled disk 1 and choose file setup.exe

The setup program will create a TSTower directory on the hard drive at a location designated by the user. The user may change the name of the folder in which the program will copy all necessary files required to run TSTower.

Choose the folder name and click OK, the installation program will copy all necessary files into the different directories of your system. Follow the program instructions and place the subsequent disks into the disk drive.

At the end of the installation the program will notify you that the installation was completed successfully. Refer to the purchasers agreement regarding the number of authorized users allowed to run the program.

## DISCLAIMER

Extensive care has been taken during the development and testing of TSTower program to ensure that both the source code and the underlying engineering principles comply with standard engineering practice. Should any discrepancies or possible program errors occur, please notify TowerSoft immediately.

TOWERSOFT DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES IMPLIED OR OTHERWISE WITH REGARDS TO THE SOFTWARE. BY USING THE SOFTWARE, THE USER AGREES THAT NEITHER TOWERSOFT NOR ITS EMPLOYEES SHALL BE LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS, DAMAGE, OR EXPENSE OF ANY KIND WHICH IS CAUSED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY THE USE, PERFORMANCE, MAINTAINANCE, SERVICE OR CONDITION OF THE SOFTWARE. IN NO EVENT WILL TOWERSOFT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGE RESULTING FROM USE OF THIS SOFTWARE.

User's comments and suggestions are welcomed. Please forward all your comments to support@towersft.com.

# **Chapter 2 INPUT**

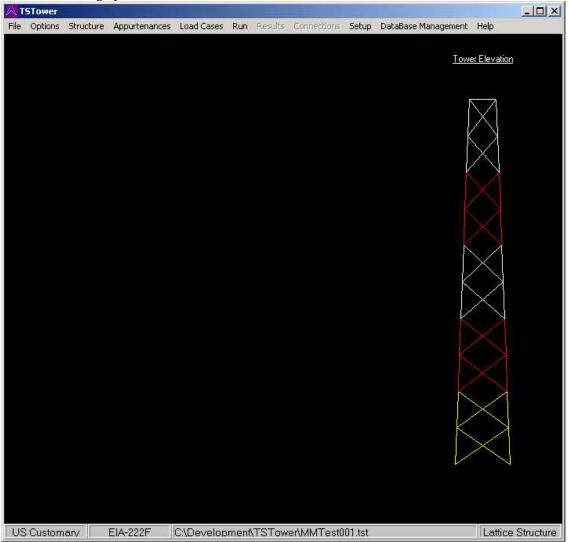
**TSTower** is an analysis software program. The user inputs all the necessary information required to perform the analysis, the finite element program is run, and the results are shown in a graphical format on the screen.

For design purpose, the user decides on a tentative geometry and performs an analysis. The user examines the results of the preliminary selection and modifies any of the design parameters before reanalyzing the structure. Using successive runs, the user can quickly arrive at an optimum solution. The designer makes the choices, interprets the output and has full control on the design process.

This Chapter illustrates how *TSTower* works by explaining the input screens. The input values and screens are shown on the figures in this chapter utilizing an example. This example may not use all the features of the software, however it gives the user a quick introduction to the main features and the use of the program. Features available in the program that are not used for this example are explained in the context.

#### START THE PROGRAM

When TSTower starts, the main screen shows a blank page. The user selects a structure type from the Structure menu. The three options are tubular, latticed structures or guyed mast.

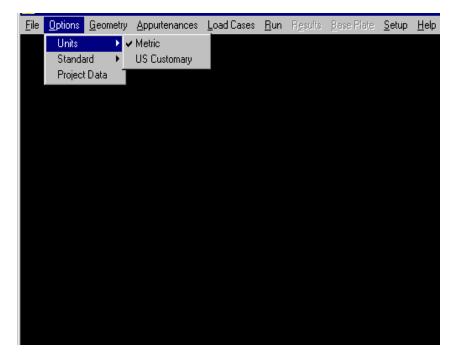


Note the status bar at the bottom of the windows showing the following data in order:

- 1- The current mode of units (metric or US Customary)
- 2- The applicable code of design (CSA S37-18, CSA S37-13, CSA S37-01, CSA S37-94, EIA 222-F, ANSI/TIA 222-G, ANSI/TIA 222-H
- 3- The problem file name, and path
- 4- Structure type (Tubular, Latticed or Guyed Mast)

INPUT

Select **Options** from the main menu and from the list choose the required code and the system of units.



## **PROJECT DEFINITION**

Select **Project Data** from the **Options** menu. Type in any identification data required as shown.

Project Data	
Customer	TowerSoft
Site ID	A0001
Location	Mississauga-ON-CANADA
Project	03-00-001
Revision	0
Engineer	Any Engineer
	OK Cancel

To add data to any box, move the cursor into the box, click inside the box and type in the data using the keyboard. To change any existing data in an edit box, delete the entry using the <Del> key or the <Backspace> key. Alternatively, highlight the existing characters by pressing and dragging the

left mouse button, then type over the existing entry. This is a standard Windows feature.

## **GEOMETRY DEFINITION**

Select **Structure/Latticed SS** from the main menu, this will show the Geometry Definition Window. Initially the window will show default geometry data and the user changes that to the required parameters.

attice	d Tower Geometry									
Tower	r Data									
		. To	p Width	54.25 🚔	(in)	No. of S	ections	7		
Struct	ure Height   130.000   🚑	[ (π)		<u> </u>					-	
		. Bo	t. Width	199.88 单	(in)	Total He	ight   13	0.000	(ft)	
		ft) Cros	ss-Section	Friangular 🔹	- s	ection Gener	rator			
Height	,									
	1									
Sectior	n Geometry Panel Geome	try Memb	er Geometry	/ Member	Capacities	s Section F	Property			
					Locked		Locked			Database
Sect. No.	Description	Heigh (ft)	Bot. Elev. (ft)	Bot. Width (in)	Bot.	Top Width (in)	Тор	No. of Panels	Mass (lbs)	Mass
INO.			(11)	(01)	Width	(01)	Width	Faricis	(103)	(lbs)
7	R-6N*	10.000	120.00	54.25	L	54.25	L	2	949.8	392.4
6	R-7N*	20.000	100.00	78.70	L	54.25	L	5	2,339.3	694.4
5	R-8N*	20.000	80.00	102.72	L	78.70	L	4	2,991.5	1,011.9
4	R-9N*	20.000	60.00	127.20	L	102.72	L	3	3,629.2	1,384.5
3	R-10N*	20.000	40.00	151.18	L	127.20	L	3	3,746.5	1,064.8
2	R-11N*	20.000	20.00	176.42	L	151.18	L	3	4,209.6	1,620.4
1	R-12N*	20.000	0.00	199.88	L	176.42	L	2	4,579.1	2,171.5
Ade	d section at top Add s	section at b	ottom De	elete section	at top	Delete s	section			
	1	1	1			1	_			
Def	aults Import Section	Export	t Section		ок			Tower	View S	Section View
						_	L			

In this window the user inputs the total height, top and bottom widths of the tower, typical section height and clicks on the Section Generator button. This will create the general outline of the tower sections based on the selected typical section height. The user can model multiple slopes on the tower or straight sections for example on the top of the tower by locking top or bottom width of a selected section. From this screen, the user can add sections to the top or bottom of the tower, delete sections at the top of the tower or delete a selected number of sections.

Default cross-section is triangular and can be changed to square. Please not that it is not possible to change cross-section if the number of sections is greater than zero. Note that the defaults of the sections generation can be edited from the Defaults button. The user can also switch from Tower View or zoom to Section View to see an enlarged view of the selected section.

The user can also utilize the import and export section functionality to save or retrieve a section from the user-defined database of standard sections.

Structure	ata e Heighi	t 130.000	<b>위</b> (11)	· _	54.25 <b>(</b>	(in) (in)	No. of S Total H	Sections	7	(ft)	
Typical S Height	Section	20.000	(ft) Cro	ss-Section Tr	iangular 📘	Se	ection Gene	erator		-	
Section G	eometr	y Panel Geo	metry Memk	er Geometry	Member	Capacities	s Section	Property			
	Panel No.	Туре	Secondary Bracing	Mid Horiz. Continuous	Top Horiz Member	Height (ft)	Bot. Elev. (ft)	Plan Bracing	Hip Bracing	Gusset Plates Area (ft^2)	Gusset Plates Weight (lbs)
•	2	х	(None)		No	5.000	125.00	(None)	(None)	0.755	0.000
	1	х	(None)		No	5.000	120.00	(None)	(None)	0.755	0.000
< Ma	odify se	lected panel	Redefir	ne section pan	els (		tion panels	1			
	odify se	lected panel	Redefin	ne section pan	1		tion panels				

On the next Tab "Panel Data" the user can define the number, type, height of panels for the selected section. From the section column, other sections can be selected for Panel definition. Also on the same window the user can modify selected panels, change heights for different panels, redefine section panels and or copy section panels to other section(s). Secondary Bracing, Plan Bracing and Hip Bracing can be selected for each panel in the section.

Gusset Plates Area (ft<sup>2</sup> or m<sup>2</sup>) and Weight (lbs or kg) for each panel can be determined. The Gusset Plate Area and Weight (if applied) will be added to the flat area of panel and to the weight of panel. Please note that the gusset plate area and weight is understood as per one face.

	r Data — ure Heig	er Geon		Top Width	54.25	<b>(</b> ir	n) No	. of Sectio	ons	7		
lypica Height	al Sectio	,		Bot. Width ross-Section		(ir	n) Tot	al Height }enerator	1	0 🌲 (	ft)	
ectior	n Geom	etry   Par	nel Geometry Mer	nber Geomet	ry Memb	er Cap	acities   Sec	tion Prope	erty			
Sec. No.	Pan. No.	Туре	Description	Steel Grade	Conn. Type	No. of Bolts	Bolt Size (in)	Bolt Grade	End Dist. (in)	Edge Dist. (in)	Gusset Thick. (in)	Bolt Spacing (in)
7 💌	2	Leg	SR 21/2	A572 gr.50		4	0.875	A325X				
		Diag	L2x2x1/4	A36	Bolted	1	0.625	A325N	0.938	1.000	0.250	1.500
												>
<												
	✓ Secti	ion Memk	ers Identical	Co	py Section	n Memb	ers					
	✓ Section	ion Memk	ers Identical		py Section	n Mernb	ers					
F	✓ Secti auts			Co ort Section	py Section		ok		То	wer View	v Secti	on View

From the Member Geometry Screen, the user defines the member sizes, steel grades, connection type, number of bolts, bolt size, bolt grade, end distance, edge distance, gusset thickness and bolt spacing. The following is a definition of the different fields:

Member Description: By double clicking the user can select another member from the same type of members (Angles, Tubes, Solid Rounds, etc.). By right clicking the Member Data form will open and allow the user to change the member type or size.

Steel Grade or Bolt Grade: By double clicking the user selects from a drop down list of available grades. The user can add or edit different grades from the Database Management Menu. By left clicking the yield and ultimate values of the selected grade are displayed. Note that for bolt grades, the threads included or excluded from the shear plane are available.

Connection Type: By double clicking the user can select connection type. For legs the user selects from tension, single shear or double shear. For other members the selections are either welded or bolted.

Number of Bolts: the user selects or types in the number of bolts for the connection.

End distance: defined as distance from the center of bolt to the end of the member along the axis of the member (force).

Edge Distance: defined as the distance from the center of bolt to the edge of the member (normal to the line of force).

Gusset Thickness: the gusset thickness for connection of legs to other members. For leg angles, the thickness of the leg is assumed to be the gusset thickness but can be over written by the user.

Bolt Spacing: defined as center-to-center distance between bolts.

Note that the click button at the bottom allows the user to select either identical or different members for each of the panels of the section.

Copy Section Members button allows to copy members from selected section to another section or sections.

Section Geometry       Panel Geometry       Member Geometry       Member Capacities       Section Property         Sec.       Pan.       Member       Description       Length (ft)       kL/R       User Def. (ft)       Comp. Capacity (kips)       Tens. Capacity (kips)       Bearing Capacity (kips)       Bolt Capacity (kips)       Critical Comp. Capacity (kips)         7       ✓       2       Leg       SR 2 1/2       5.00       96.00       No       112.63       221.07       ✓       167.89       112.63         7       ✓       2       Leg       SR 2 1/2       5.00       96.00       No       118.35       24.40       10.44       10.33       12.42       12.42	t <b>ticed</b> Tower I Structu Typical Height	Data ⁻ ıre Hei		netry (#;	Bot.	Mdth Mdth Section	54.25 199.88 Triangu	3 🌒 (in	) T	o. of Secti otal Height Generator	130.000	7 ) 🌲 (ft)	)
Sec. No.     Pan. No.     Member Type     Description     Length (ft)     kL/R     User Length (kL/R     Comp. Capacity (Kips)     Tens. Capacity (Kips)     Bearing Capacity (Kips)     Shear Capacity (Kips)     Boit Capacity (Kips)     Comp. Capacity (Kips)       7     ▼     2     Leg     SR 21/2     5.00     96.00     No     112.63     221.07     -     167.89     112.63       7     ▼     2     Leg     SR 21/2     5.00     96.00     No     112.63     221.07     -     167.89     112.63       10     10ag     L2x2x1/4     6.74     98.01     No     18.35     24.40     10.44     10.33     12.42     12.42	Section	Geom	netry   Par	nel Geometry	Member	Geome	try Mei	mber Capa	icities   Se	ction Prop	erty		
Diag L2x2x1/4 6.74 98.01 No 18.35 24.40 10.44 10.33 12.42 12.42				Description		kL/R	Def.	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	Shear Capacity	Capacity	Comp. Capacity
	7 🔻	2	Leg	SR 2 1/2	5.00	96.00	No	112.63	221.07			167.89	112.63
			Diag	L2x2x1/4	6.74	98.01	No	18.35	24.40	10.44	10.33	12.42	12.42
	<						Ш						>
	Defa	aults	Impo	rt Section	Export S	ection	]	C	ж		Τον	wer View	Section V
Defaults Import Section Export Section OK Tower View Section View													

The Member Capacities tab displays the following data:

- Section number
- Panel number
- Member Description
- Length of member
- KL/R

.

- Compression Capacity
- Tension Capacity
- Bearing Capacity (kN or Kips)
- Block Shear Capacity (kN or Kips)
- Bolt Capacity
- Critical (Governing) Compression Capacity (kN or Kips)
  - Critical (Governing) Tension Capacity (kN or Kips)

(from bottom to top)

(From bottom to top)

(calculated effective slenderness ratio)

(m or ft)

(kN or Kips)

(kN or Kips)

(kN or Kips)

Note: User may overwrite the effective slenderness of the members by overtyping the slenderness calculated by program. If that is done the column "User Def. kL/R" will be marked as "Yes". The slenderness can be changed back to calculated by program by clicking on "Yes", which will be then changed to "No".

	al Section	130.000 <b>(</b> 1	(ft) Rop M Bot. Wi (t) Cross-So	idth 199.88 ection Triangula	<u> </u>	otal Height	130.000 🌢	(ft)	
ectio	n Geometry 📔	Panel Geome	try   Member G	eometry   Memb	er Capacities Se	ection Property	'		
iec. Io.	Bracing End Clearance (in)	Stitch Bolts fully tensioned	Tubular Bracing Bolting Type	Welded SR Single-Braced Diagonals	Welded SR X- Braced Diagonals	Standard Section Weight (lbs)	Internal Top Gauge Line (in)	External Top Gauge Line (in)	Interna Gauge
7	0.787		Through Doubl	Cut at Ends	One Continuous,	392.4	1.273	1.483	
6	0.787		Through Doubl	Cut at Ends	One Continuous,	694.4	1.273	1.483	
5	0.787		Through Doubl	Cut at Ends	One Continuous,	1,011.9	1.894	2.104	
4	0.787		Through Doubl	Cut at Ends	One Continuous,	1,384.5	2.504	2.714	
3	0.787		Through Doubl	Cut at Ends	One Continuous,	1,064.8	3.111	3.351	
2	0.787		Through Doubl	Cut at Ends	One Continuous,	1,620.4	3.720	3.960	
1	0.787		Through Doubl	Cut at Ends	One Continuous,	2,171.5	4.331	4.631	
									>

On the next Tab "Section Property" the user can define following section properties:

Bracing End Clearance: Applies to bracing members (angles) attached to solid round or tubular legs using gusset plate. It is the distance from the corner of the bracing angle to the surface of the leg measured perpendicular to the leg. Stitch Bolts fully tensioned: Applies to back-to-back angles. By default the stitch bolts are considered not fully tensioned. By clicking on the tick box this will be changed to fully tensioned (tick in the box indicates fully tensioned).

Tubular Bracing Bolting Type: Applies to tubular bracing members attached by bolting. Following options are available: Through Double Wall (default), Through Single Wall and Through Gusset Wall.

Welded SR Single Braced Diagonals: Applies to single braced panels with solid round bracing members welded to legs. Following options are available: Cut at Ends and Bent Continuous. Not applicable when using EIA-222-F standard. Welded SR X-Braced Diagonals: Applies to X-Braced panels with solid round bracing members welded to legs. Following options are available: One Continuous, One Broken, Welded; Both Continuous, Welded; Both Continuous and Bent, Tack Welded. Not applicable when using EIA-222-F standard. Standard Section Weight (lbs or kg): Applies only to design/analysis of standard towers, where structure data comes from databases.

Remaining section properties like Internal Top Gauge Line, External Top Gauge Line, etc., are applicable only for Users performing design/analysis of standard tower for the sake of matching sections to each other.

#### ANTENNAS DEFINITION

From the main menu choose **Appurtenances** then sub-menu **General Appurtenances** and then select **Antennas**, the following window is displayed.

А	Antennas	Point Lo	ads		TxLine:	s	Lad	lders										
enna l	No. 1																Nev	v
Face	e Width = •	4.52 ft														1	Sele	
																-	Sele	<u> </u>
		/															Сор	У
		_/															Dele	te
		a		7													Sor	. 1
		U														-	Sor	<u> </u>
																	Delete	All
tenna	a Data																	
	Eleve	Antenna Type	No. of Ant.	Ant. Az. (deg.)	Radius (ft)	Vert. Offset (ft)	Type	Mount Az. (deg.)	TxLine Type	No. of TxL.	Mount Pipe	Mount Pipe Length	Mount Pipe Shielded Length (ft)	Mount Ref. #	Ка	User Defined Ka	Gh	Mour Ka
D.	Elev. (ft)		Ant.	(deg.)	(ft)	(ft)	Type	Az. (deg.)		No. of TxL.		Pipe Length (ft)	Shielded Length (ft)	Ref.#		Defined Ka		
D. 1	Elev. (ft) 130.00	CVWVX085X25×00	Ant.	(deg.) 240.0	(ft) 2.94	(ff) 0.00	Type	Az. (deg.) 240.0		No. of TxL.	(None)	Pipe Length (ft) 0.00	Shielded Length (ft) 0.00	Ref. #	1.000	Defined Ka No	0.85	Mour Ka
).	Elev. (ft)		Ant.	(deg.)	(ft)	(ft)	Type	Az. (deg.)		No. of TxL.		Pipe Length (ft)	Shielded Length (ft)	Ref.#		Defined Ka		
D.	Elev. (ft) 130.00	CVWVX085X25×00	Ant.	(deg.) 240.0	(ft) 2.94	(ff) 0.00	Type	Az. (deg.) 240.0		No. of TxL.	(None)	Pipe Length (ft) 0.00	Shielded Length (ft) 0.00	Ref. #	1.000	Defined Ka No	0.85	
D. 1	Elev. (ft) 130.00	CVWVX085X25×00	Ant.	(deg.) 240.0	(ft) 2.94	(ff) 0.00	Type	Az. (deg.) 240.0		No. of TxL.	(None)	Pipe Length (ft) 0.00	Shielded Length (ft) 0.00	Ref. #	1.000	Defined Ka No	0.85	
D. 1	Elev. (ft) 130.00	CVWVX085X25×00	Ant.	(deg.) 240.0	(ft) 2.94	(ff) 0.00	Type	Az. (deg.) 240.0		No. of TxL.	(None)	Pipe Length (ft) 0.00	Shielded Length (ft) 0.00	Ref. #	1.000	Defined Ka No	0.85	
D. 1	Elev. (ft) 130.00	CVWVX085X25×00	Ant.	(deg.) 240.0	(ft) 2.94	(ff) 0.00	Type	Az. (deg.) 240.0		No. of TxL.	(None)	Pipe Length (ft) 0.00	Shielded Length (ft) 0.00	Ref. #	1.000	Defined Ka No	0.85	
). 1 2	Elev. (ft) 130.00 120.00	CVWVX085X25×00	Ant.	(deg.) 240.0	(ft) 2.94	(ff) 0.00	Type	Az. (deg.) 240.0		No. of TxL.	(None)	Pipe Length (ft) 0.00	Shielded Length (ft) 0.00	Ref. #	1.000	Defined Ka No	0.85	

In this window the tower elevation is shown along with the plan cross-section at the marked antenna. To add a new antenna select **New** and a blank line with an antenna type (none) is shown. The user inputs the following data as defined below:

- *Elevation:* Elevation of the center of the antenna marked from the bottom of the pole and shown in meters or ft.
- *Antenna Type:* Type of antenna and can be chosen from the antennas database available. To choose an antenna click on this field and an antenna type window will be displayed and the required type and size is specified.
- *No of Ant.*: Number of Antennas. For M/W antennas the number cannot be more than one.
- *Ant. Az. (deg.):* Antenna beam azimuth measured from the zero azimuth of the pole and may be referred to as pole's north (specified in degrees).
- *Radius:* Radius is measured from the pole center to the mounting point of the antenna (m or ft.). Also, note that the pole

radius at that elevation is shown for guidance on the section drawing.

- *Vert. Offset:* Vertical distance from antenna mount point to attachment point on tower (m or ft.). This distance may be positive (meaning that the attachment point is above the antenna) or negative (meaning that the attachment point is below the antenna). It should be applied only for cases of stand-off mount supporting the antenna and having only one point of attachment to tower (cantilever mount).
- *Mount Type:* Type of antenna mount and can be chosen from the database available. To choose a mount click on this field to select from the database.
- *Mount Az. (deg.):* Angle between the tower's north and the antenna's mount point measured in the clockwise direction.
- *TxLine Type:* Type of transmission lines associated with that antenna and can be chosen from a database available.
- *No. of TxL:* Quantity of TX lines associated with that antenna.
- *Mount Pipe:* Size of mounting pipe selected from database.
- *Mount Pipe Length:* Full length of the mounting pipe (m or ft.)
- Mount Pipe Shielded Length: Length of the mounting pipe shielded by antenna (m or ft.)
- *Mount Ref.* #: Reference number (antenna number) of the mount for an antenna, where mount type was defined.
- *Ka:* Shielding factor Ka (default Ka=1) can be overwritten by User. (Does not apply to EIA-222-F standard)
- User Defined Ka (No or Yes): Indicates if Ka was defined by User (Yes) or left as default (No). If the indicator is "Yes" then by clicking on this cell the Ka will be changed back to default and the indictor will be back to "No". (Does not apply to EIA-222-F standard)
- *Gh:* Gust factor for the antenna. Default is equal to gust factor for the tower but can be overwritten by User. (Does not apply to EIA-222-F standard)
- *Mount Ka:* Shielding factor for mount, if applicable. Default Ka
   = 1. (Does not apply to EIA-222-F standard)
- Leg Azimuth from North (Deg.): Angle between true geographical north and tower north measured clockwise. The tower north is the line going through tower centre and tower apex (for triangular towers) or through tower centre perpendicular to face (for square towers). This azimuth allows Users to specify antenna azimuths and mount azimuths referring to true north.

Following functions are available:

- Select: Marks an antenna for copying or deleting
- Copy: Allows to copy selected antenna
- Delete: Allows to delete selected antenna
- Sort: Sorts antennas by elevation
- Delete All: Allows to delete all antennas

#### Antenna Type:

Click on type in the antenna table and the following window is displayed and from which the antenna type and size is specified.

Antenna Type		
	Microwave	Other
Dish Type	Shielded	Frequency (GHz)
Dish Size	HP4	Allowable Tilt/Twist (deg) 2.21
C No		Allowable signal loss 3 db 10 db
	ОК	Cancel

For microwave dishes available in the database the following dish types and sizes are available:

Shielded	(2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15 ft.)
Focal plane	(4, 6, 8, 10, 12 ft. – with or without radome)
Standard	(2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 ft. – with or without radome)
Grid	(4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15 ft.)
GRIDPAK	(4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 13 ft.)

Also, for microwave antennas the allowable Tilt/Twist is calculated by the program as a function of frequency, dish diameter and allowable signal degradation (3 db or 10 db) based on the following formula:

a) For a parabolic reflector with an allowable 10dB signal degradation:

$$\theta = \frac{C_{10}}{D \ \alpha}$$

b) For a parabolic reflector with an allowable 3dB signal degradation:

$$\theta = \frac{C_3}{D \alpha}$$

where:

 $\theta$  = twist or sway limit, degrees  $C_{10}$  = 53.1 GHz.ft.deg [16.2 GHz.m.deg]  $C_3$  = 31.0 GHz.ft.deg [9.45 GHz.m.deg] D = Diameter of dish, ft [m]  $\alpha$  = Dish Frequency, GHz.

For "Other" (Non-Dish Antennas) a variety of Antennas, organized by manufacturers is available from the database. Following screen is displayed when the Tab "Other" is clicked.

_		Mic	rowave	10000	Ot WAVE	her	
			19 reco	1	-WAVE		
		Catalogue Name	Description	Height (ft)	Width (ft)	Depth (ft)	Fr 📥
		AP199014	DIRECTIONAL PANEL	4.265	0.164	0.650	
	▶	AP199015	DIRECTIONAL PANEL	5.000	0.164	0.650	
		AP199016	DIRECTIONAL PANEL	6.070	0.164	0.650	
		AP906510	CELLIIte DIRECT.PANL	1.969	0.869	0.427	
	•	AP906513	CELLIIte DIRECT.PANL	3.238	0.869	0.427	► ►
			ок		Cancel	1	

The data shown includes all parameters of these antennas necessary for the program to calculate wind loads and weight effects.

The User may add any type of Non-Dish Antenna to the database –using the "Database Management" option from the main menu. Refer to Database Management Chapter for details.

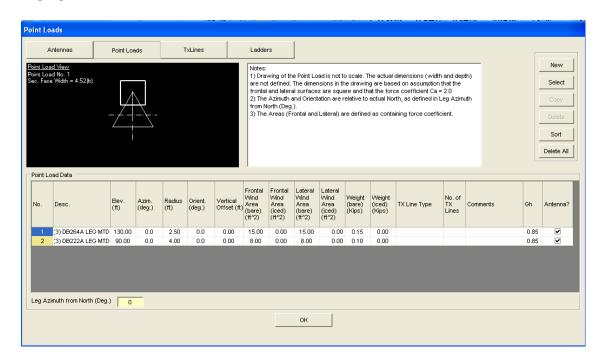
After specifying an antenna, the user may wish to copy it by highlighting the specific line and click on **select** and then on **Copy**. A new line of antenna will

be displayed and the user may edit that line. A similar procedure is used to delete an antenna.

Loads are calculated for microwave dishes as per Andrew's catalogue number 36. Also load calculations for wind loads under different directions are based on ANSI/TIA-222-G tables (ANNEX C: DESIGN WIND FORCE ON TYPICAL ANTENNAS (Normative).

### POINT LOADS DEFINITION

From the main menu choose **Appurtenance** and then sub-menu **General Appurtenances** and then select **Point Loads**, the following window is displayed.



In this window the tower elevation is shown along with the plan cross-section at the point load elevation. To add a new point load select **New** and input line with zero values is shown. The user inputs the following data as defined below:

• **Description:** Text description of the point load. This description will be displayed on the design profile. If the default description is not over written no description is displayed on the profile.

- *Elevation:* Elevation from the bottom of the tower to the center of the applied load (m or ft.)
- *Azimuth:* angle between the north and the point load radius measured in the clockwise direction (specified in degrees).
- *Radius:* Radius is measured from the tower center to the point load (m or ft.). Also, note that the tower radius at that elevation is shown for guidance on the section drawing.
- **Orient.:** Angle between the tower's north and the point load mount point measured in the clockwise direction.
- *Vertical Offset:* Vertical distance from antenna mount point to attachment point on tower (m or ft.). This distance may be positive (meaning that the attachment point is above the antenna) or negative (meaning that the attachment point is below the antenna). It should be applied only for cases of stand-off mount supporting the antenna and having only one point of attachment to tower (cantilever mount).
- *Frontal Wind Area (Bare):* Bare wind area perpendicular to the point load azimuth of the point load multiplied by the appropriate force coefficient or drag factor depending on the shape of the appurtenance (m<sup>2</sup> or ft<sup>2</sup>).
- *Frontal Wind Area (Iced):* Iced wind area perpendicular to the point load azimuth of the point load multiplied by the appropriate force coefficient or drag factor depending on the shape of the appurtenance and the ice accretion (m<sup>2</sup> or ft<sup>2</sup>).
- *Lateral Wind Area (Bare):* Bare wind area parallel to the point load azimuth of the point load multiplied by the appropriate force coefficient or drag factor depending on the shape of the appurtenance (m<sup>2</sup> or ft<sup>2</sup>).
- *Lateral Wind Area (Iced):* Iced wind area parallel to the point load azimuth of the point load multiplied by the appropriate force coefficient or drag factor depending on the shape of the appurtenance and the ice accretion (m<sup>2</sup> or ft<sup>2</sup>).
- *Weight (Bare):* Bare weight of the load (kN or kips)
- *Weight (Iced):* Weight of the load including ice (kN or kips)
- *TX Line Type:* Type of transmission lines associated with
- that point load and can be chosen from a database available.
- *No. of TX Lines:* Quantity of TX lines associated with that point load.
- *Comments:* A comments field that does not get displayed on the profile.
- *Gh:* Gust factor for the point load. Default is equal to gust factor for the tower but can be overwritten by User.

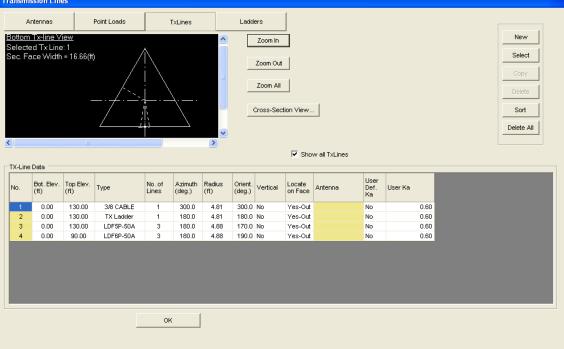
- *Antenna*?: Tick box to indicate if the point load is an antenna.
- Leg Azimuth from North (Deg.): Angle between true geographical north and tower north measured clockwise. The tower north is the line going through tower centre and tower apex (for triangular towers) or through tower centre perpendicular to face (for square towers). This azimuth allows Users to specify point loads azimuths and orientation referring to true north.

Following functions are available:

- Select: Marks point load for copying or deleting
- Copy: Allows to copy selected point load
- Delete: Allows to delete selected point load
- Sort: Sorts point loads by elevation
- Delete All: Allows to delete all point loads

### TRANSMISSION LINES DEFINITION

From the main menu choose **Appurtenance** and then sub-menu **General Appurtenances** and then select **TXLines**, the following window is displayed.



In this window the tower elevation is shown along with the tower cross-section at the bottom of the Tx-line. To add a new line or group of lines select **New** and a blank line with a line type (none) is shown. The user inputs the following data as defined below:

- *Bot. Elev.*: Elevation of the bottom of the lines (m or ft.)
- *Top Elev.*: Elevation of the top of the lines (m or ft.)
- *Type:* Type of lines and can be chosen from the tx-lines database available. To choose line type click on this field and the required type and size can be specified as explained in the sequel.
- No of lines: Number of lines having the same properties shown on that line. If this box is clicked another form will be shown (see below). User will enter total number of lines, number of rows of lines, line spacing and row spacing. If Round Cluster check box is ticked then this group of lines will be considered as round cluster and User should enter the round cluster diameter.

🔡 TX Line D	etails for L	ine #: 4	X
No. Of Lines (Total)	3	No. Of Rows Of Lines	1 💌
Line Spacing (in)	2.750	Row Spacing (in)	2.750
Round Cluster			
		9k	

- *Azimuth:* Group of lines azimuth (specified in degrees).
- *Radius:* Radius is measured from the pole center to the center of the lines group (m or ft.).
- *Orient.*: Angle between the pole's north and the lines group radius measured in the clockwise direction.
- *Vertical:* User may select "Yes", which will force the lines to run vertically from bottom of line to top of line. If "No" is selected the line(s) will follow the slope of the tower.
- Locate on Face: Following selections are available: "No", "Yes-Out" and "Yes-In". This feature helps in positioning the line on face of the tower (either on outer side of the face or on inner side of the face). Note: For design/analysis using CSA S37-01 or EIA-222-G the program presents following choices: "No", "Yes-Out", "Yes-In" and "Yes-NS". If "Yes" is selected the line(s) will be considered as part of face and their respective EPAs and weights will be added to structure face. "Yes-NS" means no shielding of structure by lines or lines by structure is applied. These options are available for both bare and iced cases (User may choose the line to be part of face for bare cases only, for bare and iced cases or for iced cases only.
- *Antenna:* Antenna description for cases where the TX lines were defined for a specific antenna or point load.
- User Def. Ka: An indicator ("Yes" or "No") showing if User defined Ka (shielding factor) was applied..
- **User Ka:** Users may overwrite the default Ka (shielding factor). If this is done the indicator above is changed to "Yes".

Following functions are available:

• Zoom In: Allows to zoom in the sketch of lines

- Zoom Out: Allows to zoom out the sketch of the lines
- Zoom All:
- Cross-Section View: Opens another form with enlarged cross-sectional view at selected elevation. This form is printable.
- Show all TX Lines: Tick box allowing to show only selected line or all lines.
- Select: Marks a line for copying or deleting
- Copy: Allows to copy selected line
- Delete: Allows to delete selected line
- Sort: Sorts lines by elevation
- Delete All: Allows to delete all lines

#### Transmission Line Type:

Click on type in the tx-lines table and the following window is displayed and from which the tx-lines type and size is specified.

Transmission	Line Type
Туре	Foam-Dielectric
Description	LDF5P-50A
Size	0.875 (in)
	OK Cancel

The following Transmission Line types are available:

Air-Dielectric Foam-Dielectric Elliptical Waveguide Circular Waveguide Rectangular Waveguide

Different sizes can be chosen from the description field and the actual size for the chosen lines is displayed in the size field (mm or in.). Users can create their own Transmission Line types through "Database Management"/"Antennas DB".

## LADDER DEFINITION

From the main menu choose **Appurtenances** and then sub-menu **General Appurtenances** and then select **Ladders**, the following window is displayed.

Ladders															
A	ntennas	1	Point Loa	ds	Т×	Lines		Ladders					[		
							_							New	
Ladder No	adder <u>View</u> o. 1 e Width = 16	00%)	Ŵ											Select	
Sec. Face	e Width = 16	.66 (it)												Сору	
		4	$\underline{\land}$											Delete	
														Sort	
														Delete All	
			I												_
Ladder	Data														
No.	Bot. Elev. (ft)	Top Elev. (ft)	Width (in)	Dist.(in)	Azimuth (deg.)	Radius (ft)	Orient. (deg.)	Rung Type	Rail Type	Factor	Part of Face for Ice				
1	0.00	130.00	17.0	12.0	300.0	4.81	300.0	SR 0 3/4	Bar 2 1/2×1/4	Yes	Yes				
					ок										

In this window the pole elevation is shown along with the plan cross-section at the bottom of the ladder. To add a new ladder select **New** and a blank line with a rail type, and rung type (none) is shown. The user inputs the following data as defined below:

- **Bottom Elevation:** Elevation of the bottom of the ladder (m or ft.)
- *Top Elevation:* Elevation of the top of the ladder (m or ft.)
- *Width:* Width of ladder rungs (mm or in.)
- *Dist.:* Distance (spacing) between rungs (mm or in.)
- *Azimuth:* ladder azimuth (specified in degrees).
- *Radius:* Radius is measured from the pole center to the center of the ladder (m or ft.).
- **Orient.:** angle between north and the ladder's center measured in the clockwise direction.

- *Rung Type:* Rung size chosen from available steel sections database for angles and solid rounds.
- *Rail Type:* Rail size chosen from available steel sections database for angles and solid rounds.
- *Part of Face:* Default is "No" but for cases of all-welded tower, where the ladder components are welded and from part of the face the ladder may be considered as part of face.
- *Part of Face for Ice:* Default is "No" but for cases of all-welded tower, where the ladder components are welded and from part of the face the ladder may be considered as part of face.

#### Steel Section Type:

Click on rail type or rung type in the ladder data table and the following window is displayed, from which the steel section type and size is specified.

Steel Section	Туре	
Туре	Solid Round	
Description	SR 0.625	•
(	эк	Cancel

The following steel sections for ladders are available:

Solid Round Angle Flat Bar HSS Round HSS Square Pipes

#### WIND TURBINE DEFINITION

The loading for wind turbine definitions are based on ANSI/TIA-222-G-DS1 "Design Supplement for Small Wind Turbine Support Structures". Small Wind Turbines (SWT's) defined as wind turbines with rotor swept areas less than 2,200 sq. ft. [200 sq. m].

	T		ANUFACTURER DATA
		г	
Rotor Diameter:	62.999	(ft)	Model Name: PGE 20/50
Weight of Rotor (Hub and Blades):	3.246	(Kips)	Optional Equivalent Constant Range Fatigue Turbine Loads
Offset of Rotor from Tower Center:	1.873	(ft)	Horizontal Force (Fxt): 0.000 (Kips)
Rotor Rotational Speed:	42	(rpm)	Overturning Moment (Mty): 0.000 (Kipsft)
Wind Speed:	29.09	(mph)	Shaft Torsion (Mtx): 0.000 (Kipsft)
Weight of Turbine:	5.508	(Kips)	Note: Wind Turbine weight without weight of rotor.
Effective Projected Area (EPA):	256.719	(ft^2)	
Fatigue Importance Factor (If):	1.00		Note: Make sure it is consistent with structure class
Vertical Offset from Tower Top:	3.530	(ft)	
Twisting (Yaw) Moment:	6.343	(Kipstt )	
Overturning Moment:	0.000	(Kipstt )	Note: If Overturning Moment is left as zero the program will calculate it as Rotor Weight x Horizontal Offset
Fatigue Stress Limit Cat. A:	4.50	(ksi)	E for the last to the state of the sector of the
Fatique Stress Limit Cat. B:	2.61	(ksi)	Fatigue stress should contain fatigue resistance factor

From the main menu choose **Appurtenances** then sub-menu **Wind Turbine**, the following window is displayed.

The user inputs the following data as defined below:

- *Wind Turbine?* Tick-box indicating if the Wind Turbine should be considered in analysis.
- *Rotor Diameter:* Rotor diameter (m or ft.)
- Weight of Rotor (Hub and Blades): Combined weight of hub and blades (kN or kips)
- *Offset of Rotor from Tower Center:* Horizontal offset of turbine weight from vertical centerline of turbine base (m or ft.)
- *Rotor Rotational Speed:* Rotational rotor speed at AWEA electrical power rating of turbine (RPM)
- *Wind Speed:* Wind speed at hub height associated with the specified maximum turbine horizontal thrust (m/s or mph)

- *Weight of Turbine:* Weight of turbine (kN or kips)
- *Effective Projected Area (EPA):* The effective projected area (m<sup>2</sup> or ft<sup>2</sup>) of a turbine shall be calculated in accordance with ANSI/TIA-222-G-DS1 unless the effective projected area is specified by the turbine manufacturer. The effective projected area of a turbine shall be considered to be constant for all wind directions with a wake interference factor, K<sub>a</sub>, equal to 1.0.
- *Fatigue Importance Factor:* Importance factor for fatigue from Table 11-1 of ANSI/TIA-222-G-DS1
- *Vertical Offset from Tower Top:* Hub height above turbine base connection to supporting structure (m or ft.)
- *Twisting (Yaw) Moment:* A specified twisting (yaw) moment considered to act about the vertical centerline of the turbine base in a counterclockwise direction in the plan view (kNm or kipft)
- *Overturning Moment:* A specified overturning moment shall be considered to occur in the same direction as the wind. Rotor Weight times Horizontal Offset (kNm or kipft). If this value is left as zero the program will calculate it automatically.
- *Fatigue Stress Limit Cat. A:* Equivalent fatigue damage stress ranges for Category A components and shall not exceed the design stress ranges specified in Sections 11.4.1 of ANSI/TIA-222-G-DS1 (MPa or ksi)
- *Fatigue Stress Limit Cat. B:* Equivalent fatigue damage stress ranges for Category B components and shall not exceed the design stress ranges specified in Sections 11.4.2 of ANSI/TIA-222-G-DS1 (MPa or ksi)
- *Model Name:* Name of the Wind Turbine Model
- *Horizontal Force (Fxt):* Equivalent constant range turbine horizontal force, (kN or kips). This entry is optional and if left as zero the program will calculate it.
- Overturning Moment (Mty): Equivalent constant range turbine overturning moment, (kNm or kipft). This entry is optional and if left as zero the program will calculate it.
- *Shaft Torsion (Mtx):* Equivalent constant range turbine rotor shaft torsion (kNm or kipft). This entry is optional and if left as zero the program will calculate it.

## **Chapter 3 ANALYSIS**

This Chapter explains the input of the code-related data and material data. Also, the assumptions and the underlying theory of the analysis are explained in the sequel.

# CODE DATA

#### Wind Loads

From the main menu choose **Load Cases**, and then he following window will appear depending on the design standard specified:

#### a) TIA/EIA 222-F

Having the EIA 222-F as the design code, the wind Loads window will be as shown:

EIA-222-F Code Data		
Wind Speed	<b> </b> 80.00 <b>●</b>	(mph)
Service Wind Speed	50.00	(mph)
Ice Thickness	0.50	(inch)
Start wind direction	0.00	(degrees)
End wind direction	330.00	(degrees)
Increment wind direction	30.00	(degrees)
Elev. above ground	0.00	. (ft)
Wind pressure reduction fo	r iced conditions	0.75 💌
🔽 Increase allowable stre	sses	
🔽 Strength - Wind only	🔽 Service	e - Wind only
🔽 Strength - Wind and Ice	e 🔲 Service	e - Wind and Ice
		US Counties
	ОК	

The input data is explained as follows:

- Wind Speed: Design wind speed for the structure (m/sec or mph).
- Service Wind Speed: for the calculation of deflections (tilt/twist) under service load conditions (m/sec or mph).
- Ice Thickness: specified ice thickness for the design of the structure depending on the location (mm or inches).
- Start Wind Direction: Starting wind directions from which the wind loads are considered.
- End wind directions: Last wind direction for which the wind loads are considered
- Increment Wind direction: Wind increment in degrees at which wind loads are calculated. For example, in the above shown example wind will be considered at the following directions (0, 30, 60, 330)
- Elevation above ground: The elevation of the structure base above ground this is used for wind loads calculations. The height factor is increased accordingly.
- Allowable stress factor: For the structural assessment of the tower, the allowable stress is increased to 1.33 as per EIA 222-F when applicable. However, the user has the option to limit the allowable stress to 1.0
- Wind pressure reduction for the case of iced conditions (default is 0.75 as per code).
- Options to mark the analysis loading cases for wind only or for combined case of wind and ice under strength conditions and service conditions.

## b) ANSI/TIA-222-G-2005

Having the TIA-222-G as the design code, the Wind Loads window will be displayed as shown:

ANSI/TIA-222-G Code Data					
Wind Speed (V) Wind Speed with Ice (Vi) Serviceability Wind Speed Ice Thickness (ti)	135.00 30.00 60.00 0.25 ● (m) (m) (m) (m) (m) (m) (m) (m)	oh) Dead oh) Min.D	ensity Weight Load Factor read Weight Load Factor Load Factor	56.19 1.20 0.90 1.60	(pcf)
Start wind direction End wind direction Increment wind direction	330.00	egrees) Servio	ionality Factor Kd ceability Directionality Fac tance Factor	0.85 tor Kd 0.85 1.00	
Elev. above ground Structure Class Exposure Category Topographic Category	0.00 (#) 3 (#) C (#) 1 (#)	Note	timate Wind Speed ASCI If wind speed is ultimat tance factor included the Effect Factor (Gh)	e (from ASCE 7-10), w	
Survival Wind (as per Annex Min. Bracing Resistance: Pr=1		Γ			
<ul> <li>Strength - Wind only</li> <li>Strength - Wind and Ice</li> <li>Apex - Pattern Loading</li> </ul>	Service - Wind only		🔽 Apply Addendu	m 2	
ок	User User	Defined Wind			US Counties

The input data is explained as follows:

- Basic Wind Speed (V): 3-second gust speed for the structure (m/sec or mph).
- Wind Speed with Ice (Vi): 3-second gust speed concurrent with the design ice at 33 ft above the ground (m/sec or mph).
- Serviceability Wind Speed: for the calculation of deflections (tilt/twist) under service load conditions (m/sec or mph).
- Ice Thickness (ti): specified ice thickness for the design of the structure depending on the location (mm or inches).
- Start Wind Direction: Starting wind directions from which the wind loads are considered.
- End wind directions: Last wind direction for which the wind loads are considered
- Increment Wind direction: Wind increment in degrees at which wind loads are calculated.

- Elevation above ground: The elevation of the structure base above ground this is used for wind loads calculations. The height factor is increased accordingly.
- Structure Class as defined in Table 2-1 of TIA-222-G. Values are 1 through 3 with class 2 as default.
- Exposure Category as defined in clause 2.6.5.1 of TIA-222-G.
   Options are Exposure B, C or D with Exposure B as default.
- Topographic Category as defined in clause 2.6.6.2 of TIA 222-G ranging from Category 1 through 5 with Category 1 as default.
- Ice Density: Density of ice (mm or inches)
- Dead Weight Factor: Default 1.20, can be overwritten by user
- Min. Dead Weight Factor: Default 0.90, can be overwritten by user
- Wind Load Factor: Default 1.60, can be overwritten by user
- Directionality Factor (k<sub>d</sub>): Default 0.85, can be overwritten
- Serviceability Directionality Factor (k<sub>d</sub>): Default 0.85, can be overwritten
- Importance Factor: Default 1.00, can be overwritten
- Ultimate Wind Speed: Tick box, if selected then the wind speed is understood as Ultimate Wind Speed defined by ASCE 7-10
- Gust Effect Factor (G<sub>h</sub>): Default 1.10, can be overwritten
- Option to use survival wind speed as defined in Annex A of the standards. This option assumes that the wind speed used is a survival wind speed with Load factors, gust factors and height factors of 1.0 as per clause A2.3.2.
- Options to mark the analysis loading cases for wind only or for combined case of wind and ice under strength conditions and service conditions.
- Earthquake Loading: Tick box, if selected then following data entries will be showing and relevant data should be entered by User

Seismic Analysis Design parameters	
Max. Earthquake spectral acceleration at short periods (Ss)	0.000
Max. Earthquake spectral acceleration at 1 second (S1)	0.000
Site Class based on the soil properties (as in Table 2-11)	D
Seismic Analysis Procedure Method	1
ок	

οк

Add Line

- Apply Addendum 2: Tick box, by default it is selected and in such case the Addendum 2 of the ANSI/TIA-222-G will be applied
- User Defined Wind: If this option is selected following form will be displayed

		#	ed Wind Bottom Elevation	Top Elevation (m)	Bottom Factor	Top Factor
2         5.00         10.00         1.000         1.000           3         10.00         15.00         1.000         1.000           4         15.00         20.00         1.000         1.000           5         20.00         25.00         1.000         1.000           6         25.00         30.00         1.000         1.000           7         30.00         35.00         1.000         1.000           8         35.00         40.00         1.000         1.000						
3         10.00         15.00         1.000         1.000           4         15.00         20.00         1.000         1.000           5         20.00         25.00         1.000         1.000           6         25.00         30.00         1.000         1.000           7         30.00         35.00         1.000         1.000           8         35.00         40.00         1.000         1.000	٢					
4         15.00         20.00         1.000         1.000           5         20.00         25.00         1.000         1.000           6         25.00         30.00         1.000         1.000           7         30.00         35.00         1.000         1.000           8         35.00         40.00         1.000         1.000						
5         20.00         25.00         1.000         1.000           6         25.00         30.00         1.000         1.000           7         30.00         35.00         1.000         1.000           8         35.00         40.00         1.000         1.000						
6         25.00         30.00         1.000         1.000           7         30.00         35.00         1.000         1.000           8         35.00         40.00         1.000         1.000	_					
7         30.00         35.00         1.000         1.000           8         35.00         40.00         1.000         1.000	_					
8 35.00 40.00 1.000 1.000						
9 40.00 45.00 1.000	_					
		9	40.00	45.00	1.000	1.000

User should declare elevation increments and the using "Add Line" button create lines to cover entire structure height. Then the bottom height factor and top height factor should be entered. If this option is applied the program will apply height factors at each tower elevation as entered by User.

Remove Last Line

Cancel

 US Counties: If this button is clicked following form appears, allowing to select State, County and to automatically apply wind speed, ice thickness and Ss matching the selection.

County	Min V (mph)	Max V (mph)	Min Vi (mph)	Max Vi (mph)	Min Ice (in)	Max Ice (in)	
CARSON	90	90	40	40	0.75	0.75	<u> </u>
CASS	90	90	30	30	0.75	0.75	
CASTRO	90	90	40	40	0.5	0.75	
CHAMBERS	110	130	30	30	0.5	0.5	
CHEROKEE	90	90	30	30	0.75	0.75	
CHILDRESS	90	90	40	40	0.75	0.75	
CLAY	90	90	30	30	0.75	0.75	
COCHRAN	90	90	30	40	0.25	0.5	
COKE	90	90	30	30	0.75	0.75	
COLEMAN	90	90	30	30	0.75	0.75	
COLLIN	90	90	30	30	0.75	0.75	
COLLINGSWI	DR 90	90	40	40	0.75	0.75	
COLORADO	95	105	30	- 30	0.5	0.5	
COMAL	90	90	30	- 30	0.5	0.5	
COMANCHE	90	90	30	30	0.75	0.75	
CONCHO	90	90	30	30	0.5	0.75	-
							•

### c) CSA S37-94

Having the CSA S37-94 as the design code, the wind Loads window will be displayed as shown:

		10		
Wind Press	ure	600.00		(Pa)
Ice Thickne	:55	10.00		(mm)
Importance	Factor	1.00		
Serviceabili	ty Factor	1.00		
Start wind d	irection	0.00		(degrees)
End wind di	rection	330.00		(degrees)
Increment v	vind direction	30.00		(degrees)
Elev. above	ground	0.00		(m)
Strength	- Wind only	🔽 Si	ervicea	bility - Wind only
	<ul> <li>Wind only</li> <li>Wind and Ic</li> </ul>			
				bility - Wind only bility - Wind and I
	- Wind and Ic		ervicea	bility - Wind and I
I Strength	- Wind and Ic	ific Wind Coe	ervicea efficient	bility - Wind and I
V Strength	- Wind and Ic	ific Wind Coe ta1:	ervicea efficient	bility - Wind and I
Strength	- Wind and Id Site Speci Coefficient	be ⊽ So ific Wind Coo ta1: ta2:	ervicea efficient [0. [0.	bility - Wind and I s
V Strength	- Wind and Ic Site Speci Coefficient	e ⊽ So ific Wind Coe ta1: ta2: ta3:	ervicea efficient [0. [0.	s 00000
V Strength	- Wind and Ic Site Speci Coefficient Coefficient	e <b>⊽</b> So ific Wind Coo ta1: ta2: ta3: tZh:	ervicea efficient [0. [0. [0.	s 0000 0000

The data for which is explained as follows:

- Wind Pressure: Reference wind pressure (q) as per CSA S37-94
- Ice thickness: Radial ice thickness for the design
- Importance factor: Importance factor as per S37-94
- Serviceability factor: Serviceability factor for service load conditions as per S37-94
- Start Wind Direction: Starting wind directions from which the wind loads are considered.
- End wind directions: Last wind direction for which the wind loads are considered
- Increment Wind direction: Wind increment in degrees at which wind loads are calculated. For example, in the above shown window, wind will be considered only from 0 degrees.
- Elevation above ground: The elevation of the structure base above ground. This is used for wind loads calculations.

- Options to mark the analysis loading cases for wind only or for combined case of wind and ice under strength conditions and service conditions.
- Option to use site specific wind data

## d) CSA S37-01

Having the CSA S37-01 as the design code, the wind Loads window will be displayed as shown:

CSA-S37 Code Data						
Wind Pressure	600.00		(Pa)	Ice Density	900.00	(kg/m^3)
		_				
Ice Thickness	25.00	\$	(mm)	Dead Weight Factor	1.25	
				Min. Dead Weight Load Factor	0.85	
Importance Factor	1.00			Wind Load Factor	1.50	
Serviceability Factor	1.00			Ice Weight Load Factor	1.50	Hydro-Quebec Coefficients?
Start wind direction	0.00		(degrees)	Min. Ice Weight Load Factor	0.85	Hydro-Quebec Ce and Cg values
End wind direction	330.00	\$	(degrees)	Roof Wind Speed-up Factor (Ca)	1.00	
Increment wind direction	30.00	ŧ	(degrees)	Ha / Total Tower Height (for roof top)	0.00	User Defined Wind
Elev. above ground	0.00	\$	(m)			
Strength - Wind only	e 🔽 s	Servic	eability - Wind	only		
🔽 Strength - Wind and	ice 🔽 S	Servic	eability - Wind	and Ice		
Site Specific 🗖 Wind						
						ок

The data for which is explained as follows:

- Wind Pressure: Reference wind pressure (q) as per CSA S37-01
- Ice thickness: Radial ice thickness for the design
- Importance factor: Importance factor as per S37-01
- Serviceability factor: Serviceability factor for service load conditions as per S37-01
- Start Wind Direction: Starting wind directions from which the wind loads are considered.
- End wind directions: Last wind direction for which the wind loads are considered
- Increment Wind direction: Wind increment in degrees at which wind loads are calculated.

- Elevation above ground: The elevation of the structure base above ground. This is used for wind loads calculations.
- Ice Density: Density of ice (mm or inches)
- Dead Weight Factor: Default 1.25, can be overwritten by user
- Min. Dead Weight Factor: Default 0.85, can be overwritten by user
- Wind Load Factor: Default 1.50, can be overwritten by user
- Ice Weight Load Factor: Default 1.50, can be overwritten by user
- Min. Ice Weight Load Factor: Default 0.85, can be overwritten by user
- Roof Wind Speed-up Factor (C<sub>a</sub>): Applicable for roof top structure
- Ha / Total Tower Height (for roof top): Fraction of tower height, for which the C<sub>a</sub> as entered will be applied and above which the C<sub>a</sub> = 1.0 will be applied
- Hydro-Quebec C<sub>e</sub> and C<sub>g</sub> values: if this option is selected the height factor and gust factor will follow the specifications of Hydro-Quebec
- User Defined Wind: If this option is selected following form will be displayed

Use	er Define	ed Wind				
	#	Bottom Elevation (m)	Top Elevation (m)	Bottom Factor	Top Factor	
	1	0.00	5.00	1.000	1.000	
	2	5.00	10.00	1.000	1.000	
	3	10.00	15.00	1.000	1.000	
	4	15.00	20.00	1.000	1.000	
	5	20.00	25.00	1.000	1.000	
	6	25.00	30.00	1.000	1.000	
	7	30.00	35.00	1.000	1.000	
	8	35.00	40.00	1.000	1.000	
	9	40.00	45.00	1.000	1.000	

	10.00	10.00	1.000	1.000	
	evation Increment:	<b></b>			
Default Ele	evalion increment.	5.00	m)		
				1	
ок	Δ	dd Line	Remove Last Line	e Ca	ncel
ок	A	dd Line	Remove Last Line	e Ca	ncel

User should declare elevation increments and the using "Add Line" button create lines to cover entire structure height. Then the bottom height factor and top height factor should be entered. If this option is applied the program will apply height factors at each tower elevation as entered by User.

• Site Specific Wind: If Site Specific Wind option is selected following data entries will be displayed:

	Site Specific Wind	Coefficients -	
Site Specific 🔽		0 - z	> Z
- Wind	Coefficient a1:	0.0000	0.0000
	Coefficient a2:	0.00000	0.00000
	Coefficient a3:	0.000	0.000
	Coefficient Zh:	0.000	0.000
	Coefficient Z01:	0.000	0.000
	Coefficient V01:	0.000	0.000
	Height (z) for 2nd	curve: (m)	0.00

User should enter the site specific wind coefficients as per data supplied by Environment Canada.

Notes: Selections of User Defined Wind, Hydro-Quebec Wind and Site Specific Wind are mutually exclusive. Only one selection will be applied for analysis

## e) CSA S37-13

Having the CSA S37-13 as the design code, the wind Loads window will be displayed as shown:

CSA-S37 Code Data							
Wind Pressure	600.00	(Pa)	0	lce Density		900.00	(kg/m^3)
Service Wind Pressure	440	(Pa)	)				
Ice Thickness	25.00	(mm	n)	Dead Weight Facto	r	1.25	
				Min. Dead Weight L	oad Factor	0.85	
Importance Factor	1.00	ŧ		Wind Load Factor		1.40	
Serviceability Factor	1.00			lce Weight Load Fa	ctor	1.45	Hydro-Quebec Coefficients?
Start wind direction	0.00	(deg	grees)	Min. Ice Weight Loa	d Factor	0.82	Hydro-Quebec Ce and Cg values
End wind direction	330.00	(deg	grees)	Roof Wind Speed-u	up Factor (Ca)	1.00	
Increment wind direction	30.00	(deg	grees)	Ha / Total Tower H	eight (for roof top)	0.00	User Defined Wind
Elev. above ground	0.00	🌒 (m)	)				
Strength - Wind only			ility - Wind a		Roughness of the Intermediate Terra Upstream Extent of	ain	<b>•</b>
Site Specific 🗖 Wind					opstream extent of	r the rough ter	
							Select Wind / Ice / Seismic Data from Table
				[	Seismic Analysis		
					🔲 Earthquake L	.oading	
					Importance Categ	gory:	▼

The data for which is explained as follows:

- Wind Pressure: Reference velocity pressure (q) as per CSA S37-13 (50-year return period mean hourly wind pressure at 10 m above ground level), (Pa or psf)
- Service Wind Pressure: Service velocity pressure as per CSA S37-13 (10-year return period mean hourly wind pressure at 10 m above ground level), (Pa or psf)
- Ice thickness: Reference radial ice thickness (t<sub>i</sub>), (mm or inches)
- Importance factor: Importance factor as per S37-13
- Serviceability factor: Serviceability factor for service load conditions as per S37-13
- Start Wind Direction: Starting wind directions from which the wind loads are considered.
- End wind directions: Last wind direction for which the wind loads are considered
- Increment Wind direction: Wind increment in degrees at which wind loads are calculated. For example, in the above shown window, wind will be considered only from 0 degrees.
- Elevation above ground: The elevation of the structure base above ground. This is used for wind loads calculations (m or ft).

- Ice Density: Density of ice (mm or inches)
- Dead Weight Factor: Default 1.25, can be overwritten by user
- Min. Dead Weight Factor: Default 0.85, can be overwritten by user
- Wind Load Factor: Default 1.40, can be overwritten by user
- Ice Weight Load Factor: Default 1.45, can be overwritten by user
- Min. Ice Weight Load Factor: Default 0.82, can be overwritten by user
- Roof Wind Speed-up Factor (C<sub>a</sub>): Applicable for roof top structure
- Ha / Total Tower Height (for roof top): Fraction of tower height, for which the C<sub>a</sub> as entered will be applied and above which the C<sub>a</sub> = 1.0 will be applied
- Options to mark the analysis loading cases for wind only or for combined case of wind and ice under strength conditions and service conditions.
- Roughness of the surrounding terrain, following options are available:
  - Open terrain (default)
  - Rough terrain
  - Intermediate terrain (if this option is selected the user should enter the upstream extent of the rough terrain, xr (km))
- Hydro-Quebec C<sub>e</sub> and C<sub>g</sub> values: if this option is selected the height factor and gust factor will follow the specifications of Hydro-Quebec
- User Defined Wind: If this option is selected following form will be displayed

Use	r Defin	ed Wind			
	#	Bottom Elevation (m)	Top Elevation (m)	Bottom Factor	Top Factor
	1	0.00	5.00	1.000	1.000
	2	5.00	10.00	1.000	1.000
	3	10.00	15.00	1.000	1.000
	4	15.00	20.00	1.000	1.000
	5	20.00	25.00	1.000	1.000
	6	25.00	30.00	1.000	1.000
	7	30.00	35.00	1.000	1.000
	8	35.00	40.00	1.000	1.000
	9	40.00	45.00	1.000	1.000
[	Default Ele	vation Increment:	5.00 (m)		
	ок		.dd Line	Remove Last Line	e Cancel

User should declare elevation increments and the using "Add Line" button create lines to cover entire structure height. Then the bottom height factor and top height factor should be entered. If this option is applied the program will apply height factors at each tower elevation as entered by User.

 Site Specific Wind: If Site Specific Wind option is selected following form will be displayed:

	0 - z	> Z	
Coefficient a1:	0.0000	0.0000	
Coefficient a2:	0.00000	0.00000	
Coefficient a3:	0.000	0.000	
Coefficient Zh:	0.000	0.000	
Coefficient Z01:	0.000	0.000	
Coefficient V01 (50 year):	0.000	0.000	
Coefficient V01 (10 year):	0.000	0.000	
Height (z) for 2nd curve: (m)	0.00		

User should enter the site specific wind coefficients as per data supplied by Environment Canada.

Select Wind/Ice/Seismic Data from Table: This option will open following form

ect Province:	ON	•			Search by	Coordinate	s 🗌			
of Locations for	: Ontario -			-						
Location	Altitude	Latitude	Longitude	lce Thickness (mm)	Wind Pressure (Pa)	Service Wind Pressure	Sa(0.2)	Sa(0.5)	Sa(1.0)	
Centralia	260	43.28	81.47	21	490	380	0.13	0.08	0.052	
CFB Borden	225	44.27	79.88	22	360	280	0.14	0.1	0.063	
Chapleau	425	47.83	83.4	21	300	230	0.095	0.057	0.037	
Chatham	180	42.4	82.18	28	430	330	0.16	0.092	0.05	
Chesley	275	44.28	81.08	21	480	370	0.12	0.082	0.053	
Clinton	280	43.62	81.53	21	490	380	0.12	0.078	0.05	
Coboconk	270	44.65	78.8	23	350	270	0.18	0.13	0.074	
Cobourg	90	0 43.97 78	78.17	20	490	380	0.22	0.14	0.079	
Cochrane	245	49.07	81.02	17	350	270	0.18	0.098	0.054	
Colborne	105	44	77.88	20	490	380	0.23	0.14	0.081	
Collingwood	190	44.48	80.22	20	390	300	0.13	0.097	0.06	
Cornwall	35	45.03	74.73	30	410	320	0.62	0.31	0.14	
Corunna	185	42.88	82.43	22	470	360	0.12	0.074	0.047	
Deep River	145	46.1	77.5	22	350	270	0.63	0.3	0.13	
Deseronto	85	44.2	77.05	25	430	330	0.27	0.17	0.092	-
									•	
Select Reference	Wind?	🔽 Sele	ct Service W	ind Pressure?	ic Data 🚃	elect Ice?				
				Jeish		elect Sa(0.2	12	R Solo	ct Sa(0.5)	

Seismic Analysis

If "Earthquake Loading" is selected following form will be displayed:

Seismic Analysis Design parameters	
Spectral response acceleration Sa(0.2)	0.000
Spectral response acceleration Sa(0.5)	0.000
Spectral response acceleration Sa(1.0)	0.000
Spectral response acceleration Sa(2.0)	0.000
Site Class (as in Table 4.1.8.4.A. of NBCC)	D
ок	

User should enter Spectral response acceleration factors Sa(0.2) through Sa(2.0) and Site Class.

The Importance Category shall be defined. Options are: Low, Normal, High and Post-Disaster.

Notes: Selections of User Defined Wind, Hydro-Quebec Wind, Site Specific Wind and Wind Data from Table are mutually exclusive. Only one selection will be applied for analysis

# ANALYSIS THEORY

The analysis is based on three-dimensional truss model with geometrical nonlinear capabilities (i.e., Increased forces due to P-delta effects are accounted for in the analysis). Wind load calculations and analysis are based on the following assumptions:

## Wind Loads Calculations

- 1. Wind is assumed horizontal and is blowing from a certain direction throughout the whole pole height.
- 2. Force coefficients (drag factors) are calculated as per applicable code.
- 3. No shielding is considered on the tower from antennas, Tx-lines, or ladders.
- 4. Tx-lines declared as part of the face are considered in the force coefficient calculations of the structure. Tx-Lines as part of the face and outside shield the structural members and vice versa for lines inside the tower.
- 5. Ice built up is considered uniform on the structure and appurtenances.
- 6. Wind loads considered on iced structures are reduced as per applicable code.
- 7. For wind load calculations, wind load is calculated for each section.
- 8. Loads that are offset from the tower center are applied at the tower center with the corresponding moments (torsional and bending).
- 9. Loads that extend beyond the height of the structure are applied at the top of the structure with the corresponding additional moments (torsional and bending).

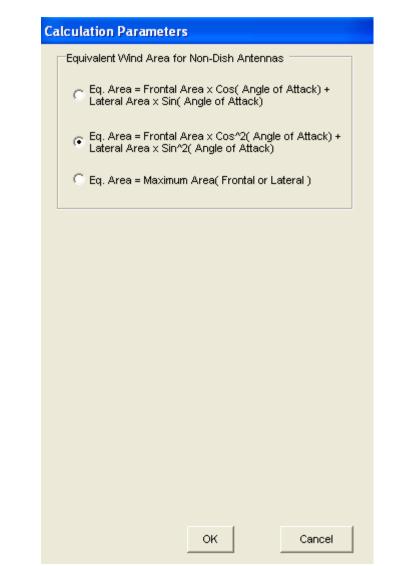
## **Analysis and Capacities**

1. Each member is modeled as two-nodded three-dimensional truss elements with three degrees of freedom at each node. Note: members of panels defined as Vierendeel type will be modeled as frame elements.

- 2. Element properties are assumed constant for the full length of the member.
- 3. Tower is considered fixed in all directions at the base.
- 4. Uniform loads applied to the tower are distributed to each level of the section at the three or four leg points.
- 5. Capacities are calculated based on applicable codes and the structure is assessed for each member.

## **Calculation Parameters**

From the main menu, choose "setup" and select "Calculation Parameters". In this menu, the user may change the equivalent wind area calculations for nondish antennas.



For non-dish antennas, the user can select the calculation method for the equivalent wind area of non-symmetric antennas.

#### **Material Data**

Clicking on **Setup** from the main menu the material data can be defined. The user inputs the material density ( $lbs/ft^3$  or  $kg/m^3$ ), Young's modulus (ksi or MPa), Poisson's ratio and Weight Increment factor.

Material Data		
Density	490.06	(lbs/ft^3)
Young's Modulus	29000.00	(ksi)
Poisson Ratio	0.30	
Weight Increment	1.25	
Note: The Weight Increme the dead weight of struc account for the additiona washers etc.). The incre weight load factors (if ap	tural members i I hardware (bo ement is in addi	n order to Its, nuts,
ок	Cance	el

## **Analysis Options**

Following types of analysis can be performed:

- 1. Full analysis for ultimate limit states and serviceability limit states (as selected by User) for selected wind directions.
- 2. Modal analysis.
- 3. Fatigue strength analysis, provided that User selects Wind Turbine loading.

Notes:

- With selection of EIA-222-F the analysis is performed for working loads (not factored).
- In case of applying Wind Turbine loading both full analysis and fatigue analysis should be performed.

# Chapter 4 RESULTS

In this Chapter the printed and viewable output options for the program are explained. After the input data phase is completed, the user chooses **Run** from the main menu. The program performs the wind load calculations and executes the structural analysis. From the main menu the user may choose **Results** and the user chooses one from the following menu options:

- Preliminary Results
- Final Results
- Print
- .DXF Profile

# **Preliminary Results**

Choosing Preliminary results the following screen is displayed which allows the user to see the different calculated wind pressure and effective projected areas for each of the different load combinations and wind directions.

#### Wind Pressure

ind Pre	essure Wind	d Area App. UD	L App. Conc. I	Loads Section	Weights			
	1				-			
Sec.	Panel	Bot. Elev. (ft)	Top Elev. (ft)	Kz	Kzt	QzGh (psf)	lce Thick. (tiz) (in)	
7	2	125.00	130.00	1.332	1.00	71.77	0.000	
	1	120.00	125.00	1.321	1.00	71.17	0.000	
6	5	116.00	120.00	1.310	1.00	70.61	0.000	
	4	112.00	116.00	1.301	1.00	70.10	0.000	
	3	108.00	112.00	1.291	1.00	69.58	0.000	
	2	104.00	108.00	1.281	1.00	69.04	0.000	
	1	100.00	104.00	1.271	1.00	68.48	0.000	
5	4	95.00	100.00	1.259	1.00	67.83	0.000	
	3	90.00	95.00	1.245	1.00	67.08	0.000	
	2	85.00	90.00	1.231	1.00	66.30	0.000	
	1	80.00	85.00	1.215	1.00	65.49	0.000	
4	3	73.33	80.00	1.197	1.00	64.48	0.000	
	2	66.67	73.33	1.174	1.00	63.26	0.000	
	1	60.00	66.67	1.150	1.00	61.94	0.000	
3	3	53.33	60.00	1.123	1.00	60.51	0.000	

This screen shows bottom and top elevation of each section the applied wind pressure and the relevant height factors and ice thickness for each of the load combination and wind directions.

#### 🖶 View Preliminary Results Wind Pressure Wind Area App. UDL App. Conc. Loads Section Weights Sec. Panel Flat Area App. Flat Round App. Area Ice Solid. Flat Round Flat Dir Round Eff. Area (ft^2) Area Area (ft^2) Round (ft^2) Ratio Drag Drag Dir (ft^2) (ft^2) Area (ft^2) 7 2,950 0.208 2.083 0.443 0.000 0.240 2.467 0.800 1.000 9.860 1.436 0.208 2.083 0.000 9.863 2,950 0.443 0.240 2 467 1.437 0.800 1 000 1 6 5 2.769 0.167 1.837 0.354 0.000 0.259 2.412 1.391 0.800 1.000 8.711 2.876 0.167 1.837 0.354 0.000 0.244 2.456 0.800 9.059 4 1.407 1.000 3 2.986 0.167 1.837 0.354 0.000 0.232 2.494 1.422 0.800 1.000 9.405 3.098 2 0.167 1.836 0.354 0.000 0.221 2.528 1 000 9,749 1.436 0.800 3.213 0.167 1.837 0.354 0.000 0.212 2.558 1.449 0.800 1.000 10.090 1 0.000 5 4 3.515 0.208 2.713 0.443 0.194 2.615 1.405 0.800 1.000 12.223 З 3.652 0.208 2.713 0.443 0.000 0.185 2.646 1.418 0.800 1.000 12.647 2 3.792 0.000 0.208 2.713 0.443 0.177 2.674 1.430 0.800 1.000 13.071 0.000 3.935 0.208 2.713 0.443 0.170 1.442 0.800 1.000 13.495 1 2.699 3 5.559 0.278 4.174 0.590 0.000 0.173 2.690 1.369 0.800 1.000 19.083 4 2 5.791 0.278 4.174 0.590 0.000 0.164 2.720 1.383 0.800 1.000 19.790 6.027 0.278 4.174 0.590 0.000 0.157 2.746 1.396 0.800 1.000 20.501 1 Load Combination Wind Only Wind Direction (Deg) 0 --

This screen shows flat and round areas of the structure and that of the appurtenances included as part of the structure in the calculations. Solidity ratios are also show for each panel and the calculated force coefficients (drag coefficients) for both flat and round members. Also the directionality factors and the total effective wind areas are shown for each of the load combinations and wind directions.

#### Wind Area

vind Pi	ind Pressure Wind Area App. UDL App. Conc. Loads Section Weights											
Sec.	Panel	Flat Area (ft^2)	Round Area (ft^2)	Flat Drag	Round Drag	Ка	Eff. Area (EPA) (ft^2)					
7	2	1.96	1.53	2.00	1.20	0.60	3.46					
	1	1.96	1.53	2.00	1.20	0.60	3.46					
6	5	1.57	1.23	2.00	1.20	0.60	2.77					
	4	1.57	1.23	2.00	1.20	0.60	2.77					
	3	1.57	1.23	2.00	1.20	0.60	2.77					
	2	1.57	1.23	2.00	1.20	0.60	2.77					
	1	1.57	1.23	2.00	1.20	0.60	2.77					
5	4	1.96	1.53	2.00	1.20	0.60	3.46					
	3	1.96	1.53	2.00	1.20	0.60	3.46					
	2	1.96	3.47	2.00	1.20	0.60	4.85					
	1	1.96	3.47	2.00	1.20	0.60	4.85					
4	3	2.61	4.63	2.00	1.20	0.60	6.47					
	2	2.61	4.63	2.00	1.20	0.60	6.47					
	1	2.61	4.63	2.00	1.20	0.60	6.47					
3	3	2.61	4.63	2.00	1.20	0.60	6.47					

# Appurtenances Uniformly Distributed Loads (UDL)

The appurtenances uniformly distributed loads not included as part of the face are shown on this screen. The window shows the calculated flat and round areas as well as the corresponding force coefficients (drag factors) for each of the load combinations and wind directions.

Vind Pr	essure   Wind Are	ea App	UDL A	pp. Conc. I	Loads   S	Section W	eights					
Ant.	Desc.	Qty	Mount Desc	Elev. (ft)	CaAc X-Dir E-W (ft^2)	CaAc Y-Dir N-S (ft^2)	XForce E-W (Kips)	YForce N-S (Kips)	ZForce (Kips)	M-x (Kipsft)	M-y (Kipsft)	M-z (Kipsft)
1	CVWVX085X25×00	1		130.00	0.00	-8.20	0.00	-0.59	-0.11	0.16	-0.28	1.50
2	HP4	1		120.00	5.94	-10.98	0.42	-0.78	-0.20	0.30	0.52	-1.84
1	Pnt. Load			130.00	0.00	-15.00	0.00	-1.08	-0.18	-0.45	0.00	0.00
2	Pnt. Load			90.00	0.00	-8.00	0.00	-0.53	-0.12	-0.48	0.00	0.00

# Appurtenances Concentrated Loads (UDL)

The appurtenances calculated concentrated loads are shown on this screen. The window shows the calculated flat and round areas in the direction of each axis and the corresponding forces and moments in the three axes. This value can be selected for each of the load combinations and wind directions.

## **Section Weights**

Sec.	Legs (lbs)	Bracing (lbs)	Sec. Bracing (lbs)	Int. Bracing (lbs)	Total Section (lbs)
1	3212.4	1366.7	0.0	0.0	4579.1
2	2824.4	1385.2	0.0	0.0	4209.6
3	2823.9	922.7	0.0	0.0	3746.5
4	2824.1	805.1	0.0	0.0	3629.2
5	2121.2	870.3	0.0	0.0	2991.5
6	1518.6	820.7	0.0	0.0	2339.2
7	626.4	323.4	0.0	0.0	949.8
Total:	15950.9	6494.1	0.0	0.0	22445.0

The section weights are shown on this screen. The window shows the weights of legs, bracing, secondary bracing, internal bracing and section totals for each section. The bottom line shows totals for entire tower.

# Final Results

Choosing final results the following screen is displayed which allows the user to view the results of the analysis for either the maximum envelope or any of the different load combinations and wind directions.

## Legs

The assessment of the tower legs is shown in tabular form and graphical format by plotting the tensile or compression forces versus the corresponding capacities of the member. The diagram is refreshed based on the selection of either the tensile or compression columns.

gs	Diag	) Horiz	Sec. Mem Sum	nary   roan	u.   Disp.	Ant. Disp	•			1	Compression Diagram
					-					1	<u>30 </u>
ect	Panel	Bottom Elev. (ft)	Description	Tensile Force (Kips)	Compress. Force (Kips)	Tensile Capacity (Kips)	Compress. Capacity (Kips)	Assess		<u>1</u> 2	20
7	2	125.00	SR 21/2	1.389	1.853	167.893	112.630	0.02			
	1	120.00	SR 2 1/2	4.542	5.400	167.893	112.630	0.05			
6	5	116.00	SR 2 3/4	8.488	9.961	220.217	187.104	0.05		10	20
	4	112.00	SR 2 3/4	12.467	14.642	220.217	187.104	0.08			
	3	108.00	SR 2 3/4	16.150	18.989	220.217	187.104	0.10			
	2	104.00	SR 2 3/4	20.420	23.800	220.217	187.104	0.13			30
	1	100.00	SR 2 3/4	24.432	28.382	220.217	187.104	0.15			
5	4	95.00	SR 31/4	29.256	34.196	330.325	250.454	0.14			<sup>1</sup>
	3	90.00	SR 31/4	34.364	40.518	220.217	250.454	0.16			<mark></mark>
	2	85.00	SR 31/4	39.909	47.503	220.217	250.454	0.19		<u></u>	<u>30</u>
	1	80.00	SR 31/4	45.631	54.636	220.217	250.454	0.22			
4	3	73.33	SR 3 3/4	52.487	63.016	330.325	291.581	0.22			
	2	66.67	SR 3 3/4	60.581	72.894	220.217	291.581	0.28		4	10
	1	60.00	SR 3 3/4	68.710	82.871	220.217	291.581	0.31			
3	3	53.33	SR 3 3/4	77.096	93.142	220.217	291.603	0.35			
	2	46.67	SR 3 3/4	85.522	103.491	220.217	291.603	0.39			20
	1	40.00	SR 3 3/4	94.147	114.092	330.325	291.603	0.39			
2	3	33.33	SR 3 3/4	102.550	124.495	220.217	291.547	0.47			
	2	26.67	SR 3 3/4	111.011	135.090	330.325	291.547	0.46			
	1	20.00	SR 3 3/4	119.254	145.401	220.217	291.547	0.54			
1	2	10.00	SR 4	130.064	159.030	330.325	196.512	0.81	~		150 300 _Force _Capacity

## Diagonals

The assessment of the tower diagonals is shown in tabular form and graphical format by plotting the tensile or compression forces versus the corresponding capacities of the member. The diagram is refreshed based on the selection of either the tensile or compression columns. Similar results can be viewed for tower horizontals from the next tab.

.egs	Diag	9 Horiz	Sec. Mern Summ	ary Foun	d. Disp.	Ant. Disp				1	Compression Diagram
Sect	Panel	Bottom Elev. (ft)	Description	Tensile Force (Kips)	Compress. Force (Kips)	Tensile Capacity (Kips)	Compress. Capacity (Kips)	Assess			130 120
7	2	125.00	L2x2x1/4	1.670	1.632	10.328	12.420	0.16			
	1	120.00	L2x2x1/4	2.099	2.220	10.328	12.420	0.20			
6	5	116.00	L2x2x1/4	1.955	1.941	10.328	12.420	0.19			100
	4	112.00	L2x2x1/4	2.050	2.078	10.328	12.420	0.20			
	3	108.00	L2x2x1/4	2.196	2.184	10.328	12.420	0.21			
	2	104.00	L2x2x1/4	2.310	2.337	10.328	12.420	0.22			80 80
	1	100.00	L2x2x1/4	2.470	2.457	10.328	12.420	0.24			80
5	4	95.00	L2x2x1/4	2.802	2.835	10.328	12.420	0.27			
	3	90.00	L2x2x1/4	2.988	2.978	10.328	12.420	0.29			
	2	85.00	L2x2x1/4	3.446	3.481	10.328	11.572	0.33			<u>60</u>
	1	80.00	L2x2x1/4	3.657	3.644	10.328	10.505	0.35			
4	3	73.33	L2 1/2×2 1/2×3/16	4.168	4.212	7.861	11.938	0.53			
	2	66.67	L2 1/2×2 1/2×3/16	4.447	4.442	7.861	10.800	0.57			40
	1	60.00	L2 1/2×2 1/2×3/16	4.688	4.727	7.861	9.765	0.60			
3	3	53.33	L2 1/2x2 1/2x3/16	5.033	5.024	7.861	8.878	0.64			
	2	46.67	L2 1/2×2 1/2×3/16	5.275	5.317	7.861	8.095	0.67			20
	1	40.00	L2 1/2×2 1/2×3/16	5.565	5.559	7.861	7.404	0.75			<u>20</u>
2	3	33.33	L2 1/2x2 1/2x1/4	5.609	5.667	10.443	8.935	0.63			
	2	26.67	L2 1/2x2 1/2x1/4	5.897	5.880	10.443	8.185	0.72			
	1	20.00	L2 1/2x2 1/2x1/4	6.104	6.158	10.443	7.521	0.82			
1	2	10.00	L3x3x1/4	7.365	7.319	10.443	9.862	0.74	~		5 10 _ Force _ Capacity

Also, on the bottom of the screen, the user may select the load combination for which results are to be displayed. Load combinations selected from the analysis menu are shown in the load combination list. Specific wind direction may be chosen or simply the envelope of the maximum values.

#### **Results Summary**

The user may view the summary of the assessment based on colored contours of the tower. The contours summarize the results depending on the governing either compressive or tensile forces.

🔡 View Results Legs Diag Horiz Sec. Mem Summary Found. Disp. Ant. Disp. <u>Strength Assessment</u> Sec. Panel Bottom Туре KL/R Comp. Comp. Tens Tens Assess ~ Elev Force Capacity Force Capacity (Kips) (ft) (Kips) (Kips) (Kips) 125.00 96.000 1.853 112.630 1.389 167.893 0.02 7 Leg 98.008 1.632 12.420 1.670 10.328 0.16 Diag 120.00 96.000 5.400 112.630 4.542 167.893 0.05 1 Leg Diag 98.008 2.220 12.420 2.099 10.328 0.20 6 5 116.00 Leg 69.889 9.961 187.104 8.488 220.217 0.05 1.941 0.19 95.215 12.420 10.328 Diag 1.955 4 112.00 Leg 69.889 14.642 187.104 12.467 220.217 0.08 2.078 Diag 99.110 12.420 2.050 10.328 0.20 3 108.00 69.889 18,989 187,104 16,150 220.217 0.10 Leg Diag 103.075 2.184 12,420 2,196 10.328 0.21 69.889 23.800 187.104 20.420 220.217 0.13 2 104.00 Leg 107.104 2.337 12.420 2.310 10.328 0.22 Diag 100.00 69.889 28.382 187.104 24.432 220.217 0.15 1 Lea 111.191 2.457 12.420 2.470 10.328 0.24 Diag 250.454 330.325 5 4 95.00 Lea 73.925 34.196 29.256 0.14 Diag 122.284 12.420 2.802 10.328 0.27 2.835 90.00 73.925 40.518 250.454 34.364 220.217 з Leg 0.16 128.798 Diag 2.978 12.420 2.988 10.328 0.29 85.00 73.925 47.503 250.454 39.909 220.217 0.19 2 Leq Diag 135.416 3.481 11.572 3.446 10.328 0.33 1 በ 1 80.00 Leg 73.925 54,636 250.454 45.631 220.217 0.22 Vind Direction (Deg) Load Combination Max Envelope Max -Section View Tower View

Also, on the bottom of the screen, the user may select the load combination for which results are to be displayed. Load combinations selected from the analysis menu are shown in the load combination list. Specific wind direction may be chosen or simply the envelope of the maximum values.

#### Foundations

The program calculates the foundations reactions for either the maximum envelope. In this case only one line is shown at the top window showing maximum download, uplift and shears for individual legs. The bottom window displays the tower total reactions (axial, shear in the two directions and moments).

ew Res	sults											
egs C	Diag H	oriz Sec	. Mem Sun	nmary Fo	und. Disp	. Ant. Dis	sp.			,		
	)wnload (ł	(ins) Un	lift (Kips)	Shear-X	(Kine) S	hear-Z (Kip:	c) May	Shear	~			
#				Shourst	(1000) 0	nour-2 (rup	(H	(ips)				
	183.18		149.20				2'	1.51				
									~			
	Axial (Kips)	Shear-X (Kips)	Shear-Z (Kips)	Total Shear (Kips)	Mom-X (Kipsft)	Morn-Y (Kipsft)	Morn-Z (Kipsft)	Tot. Moment (Kipsft)				
Mom.	28.73	-36.69	0.68	36.69	80.59	0.45	2504.26	2505.56				
Shear	21.55	-36.69	0.68	36.70	80.63	0.45	2504.26	2505.56				
ad Comb	pination	Max Envel	ope		▼ Win	d Direction (	(Deg) Ma	ax. 💌		Tower Vie	ew Section Vie	w

When the user selects a specific wind direction, the reactions at each of the tower legs are displayed on the top window and the total tower reactions are shown at the bottom leg.

## **Tower Displacements**

The user may view the tower displacement and rotations in the three directions from the **Disp.** Tab.

gs	Diag Ho	riz Sec. Me	m Summary	Found. Dist	0. Ant. Dis	p.		Horiz. Disp. Diagram
lode	Elev. (ft)	N-S disp (in)	W-E disp(in)	Vert. disp(in)	N-S rot. (Deg)	VV-E rot. (Deg)	Twist (Deg)	
69	130.0	4.8	-4.2	0.0	0.28	-0.25	-0.04	
66	125.0	4.5	-3.9	0.0	0.28	-0.25	-0.03	
63	120.0	4.2	-3.7	0.0	0.28	-0.25	-0.03	
60	116.0	4.0	-3.5	0.0	0.27	-0.24	-0.02	
57	112.0	3.8	-3.3	0.0	0.27	-0.24	-0.03	
54	108.0	3.6	-3.1	0.0	0.26	-0.23	-0.02	
51	104.0	3.3	-2.9	0.0	0.25	-0.22	-0.02	
48	100.0	3.1	-2.7	0.0	0.25	-0.22	-0.02	
45	95.0	2.9	-2.5	0.0	0.23	-0.21	-0.02	
42	90.0	2.6	-2.2	0.0	0.23	-0.20	-0.02	
39	85.0	2.4	-2.0	0.0	0.21	-0.19	-0.02	
36	80.0	2.2	-1.8	0.0	0.21	-0.18	-0.01	
33	73.3	1.9	-1.6	0.0	0.19	-0.17	-0.01	
30	66.7	1.6	-1.3	0.0	0.19	-0.16	-0.01	
27	60.0	1.3	-1.1	0.0	0.17	-0.15	-0.01	
24	53.3	1.1	-0.9	0.0	0.16	-0.14	-0.01	
21	46.7	0.9	-0.7	0.0	0.14	-0.12	0.01	
18	40.0	0.7	-0.6	0.0	0.13	-0.11	0.00	
15	33.3	0.5	-0.4	0.0	0.10	-0.09	0.00	
12	26.7	0.3	-0.3	0.0	0.09	-0.08	0.00	
9	20.0	0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.07	-0.05	0.00	▼

The displacements can also be viewed for the maximum envelope or any of the load combinations or wind directions.

## **Antenna Displacements**

On this screen, the user can see the antenna number (for this example, the tower has 1 antenna at 100 ft. elevation), and the elevation at each antenna, displacements in the orthogonal three directions, rotations and twist.

Ant.				V-E disp	Vert.		Disp.		[	
1 ///	VVX085X25×0									
1 ////	VVX085X25×0									
		130.0			disp (in)	N-S rot. (Deg)	W-E rot. (Deg)	Twist (Deg)	Allow. (Deg)	
2	HP4		4.8	-4.2	0.0	0.28	-0.25	-0.04	0.00	
		120.0	4.2	-3.7	0.0	0.28	-0.25	-0.03	2.21	
_oad Comb										

## Printout

From the main menu, click on **Results**, and the following screen will be displayed. From this screen the user may choose the required printout sections by clicking on the corresponding check box.

View and Print		
Printing Schedule		
Input Data	<u>Output Data</u>	<u>Diagrams</u>
Project Data	Wind Load Data	Profile
🔲 Structure Data	🔲 Structure Displ. Data	Displacements
🔲 Antenna Data	🔲 Antenna Displ. Data	Leg Load Compression
Tx Line Data		Leg Load Tension
🔲 Ladder Data	Assessment Data	Diag. Load Compression
🔲 Point Load Data	Section Capacities	Diag. Load Tension
	Foundation Load Data	Horiz. Load Compression
	ロ Tower Foundation Load Data	Horiz. Load Tension
	🦳 Axial Load Data	
Vie	w & Print Cancel	

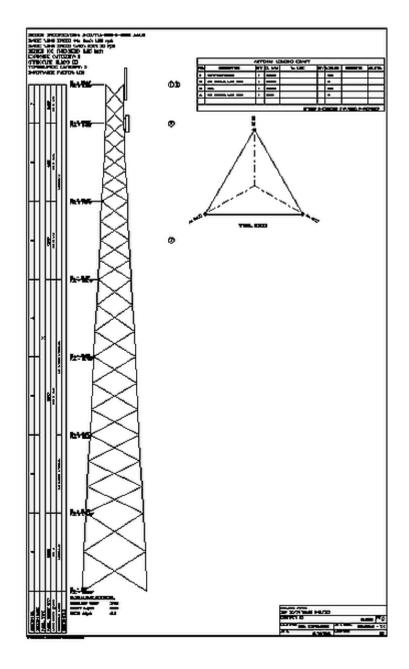
Note that for analysis including several load combinations and different wind directions as well the user has the option to select the required sections for printing and also the desired wind directions. This may result in a relatively large number of pages in the printout. By choosing the profile, the program prints a simple profile on which the project data, design specification, base reactions and tower geometry are printed in a graphical format.

# **Export Profile**

Select sub-menu "**Export Profile (\*.dxf)**" from main menu "**Results**". Following screen will be displayed.

Export Prof	ile as DXF file		
System of L	Jnits		
C Metric	(•	US Customary	
	Specifications		
	Structure Description Ta	ble 🔽	
	Antennas		
	Antenna Loading Table		
	Reactions		
	Cross Section		
	Title Box		
Font Name:	STANDARD 💌	[	
Default Fond	t Scale	Custom Font Scale	
Ger	nerate	•	Generate
To be printed	d on:		
• 8.5 × 11	" C 11 × 17"		
Orientation	·		Close
C Portrait			
Eandsca Eandsca	ape		

Click on "Generate" button.



Attached is sample printout of the .dxf profile that can be further edited using AutoCad.

# **Chapter 5 DATABASE MANAGEMENT**

The program uses "USER" Antenna database for selection of the antennas, mounts and TX Lines.

Apart from the "USER" database there is "MASTER" database (not to be modified) and "REMOTE" database or databases, which can be placed in commonly accessed server and thus shared by different users typically within the same organization.

The "USER" and "REMOTE" databases can be modified by the users.

#### Antennas Database

From the main menu, click on **Database Management** and **Antennas** submenu. Following screen will be displayed.

D	ish A	Antennas		on-Dish Antenn Manufacturers	a No	on-Dish Antennas	1	TX Lines
					39 records.			
	ID	Manufactur er	Microw ave Code	Shielded Type	Catalogue Name	Description	Radome	Diameter( 📥
►	1	Andrews	<	Shielded	HP2	M/W Shielded		2.001
	2	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Shielded	HP4	M/W Shielded		4.003
	3	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Shielded	HP6	M/W Shielded		6.004
	4	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Shielded	HP8	M/W Shielded		8.005
	5	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Shielded	HP10	M/W Shielded		10.007
	6	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Shielded	HP12	M/W Shielded		12.008
	7	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Shielded	HP15	M/W Shielded		14.993
	8	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Focal Plane	FP4	M/W Focal Plane		4.003
	9	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Focal Plane	FP6	M/W Focal Plane		6.004
	10	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Focal Plane	FP8	M/W Focal Plane		8.005
	11	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Focal Plane	FP10	M/W Focal Plane		10.007
	12	Andrews	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Focal Plane	FP4	M/W Focal Plane		4.003 💌
•		ĺ						
	Ē	Print			Note: This tal	ole is non-editable (re	ad only.	
		Database:						

The first group "Dish Antennas" is non-editable (read only), as it covers practically all types and sizes of Microwave Dish Antennas.

#### Non-Dish Antenna Manufacturers

ntenna Database Management		
Dish Antennas Manufacturers	Non-Dish Antennas	TX Lines
14 records.	Add new Manufacturer (Ta	ble)
Manufacturer (Table) Name	Delete Manufacturer (Tab	le)
ANDREW		
CAL		
COMSAT-RSI		
EMS Wireless		
KATHREIN LINDSAY		
SCALA		
SINCLAIR SWEDCOM		
TIL-TEK		
<u>E</u> xit Database: USER		<u>C</u> hange Database

User can add new manufacturers. Such action will create an empty table and the user will then add records to such table. Deletion of manufacturer will cause removal of the manufacturer name from the list as well as deletion of a table of non-dish antennas associated with the manufacturer.

Default database is "USER" but any other "REMOTE" database can be selected (if present) and then the modifications are performed in the selected database. Once such "Remote" database is created and located remotely (on a server) other users can synchronize their local "USER" database with the "REMOTE".

#### Non-Dish Antennas

	Dish Antennas	Non-Dish Antenna Manufacturers	Non-l	Dish Ante	nnas	ΤX	Lines
			-				
		Table: ALLG	DN - 10 red	cords.			
	Catalogue Name	Description	Height (ft)	Width (ft)	Depth (ft)	Frontal Area (ft^2)	Frontal Area Iced 10mm
►	7145.21	CITY PANEL 105 deg	0.984	0.984	0.427	1.001	1.130
	7145.22	CITY PANEL 105 deg	1.969	0.984	0.427	1.981	2.174
	7145.23	CITY PANEL 105 deg	2.953	0.984	0.427	2.960	3.229
	7145.24	CITY PANEL 105 deg	3.937	0.984	0.427	3.950	4.284
	7145.26	CITY PANEL 105 deg	5.906	0.984	0.427	6.146	6.383
	7145.48	CITY PANEL 105 deg	7.546	0.984	0.427	7.901	8.148
	7183.15	PCS	3.281	0.459	0.164	3.057	3.563
	7184.14	PCS	4.265	0.459	0.164	3.057	3.541
	7184.15	PCS	4.265	0.459	0.164	3.057	3.541
	7185.15	PCS	3.281	0.853	0.164	4.155	4.575
•							
Se	elect Table ALLG	IN VI	<u>E</u> dit Reco	rd <u>A</u> d	ld Record	<u>D</u> elet	e Record
							<u>P</u> rint

To edit or add record for selected table click on "Edit Record" or Add Record" buttons. Following screen will be displayed.

Edit Non-Dish Antenna, l	able: ALLGON			
Catalogue Name:	7145.21			
Description:	CITY PANEL	105 deg		
Height:	0.984	(ft)	Weight :	4.41 (lbs)
Width :	0.984	(ft)	Weight Iced 10 mm (1/2"):	11.01 (lbs)
Depth :	0.427	(ft)	Weight Iced 50 mm (2") :	37.44 (lbs)
Frontal Area (EPA)N :	1.001	(ft^2)	Round	
Frontal Area Iced 10 mm (1	/2''): 1.130	(ft^2)	Frankel Arres (A. A.	tenna Azimuth
Frontal Area Iced 50 mm (	2"): 1.776	(ft^2)	Frontal Area Ani	lenna Azimum
Lateral Area (EPA)L :	0.441	(ft^2)		Depth
Lateral Area Iced 10 mm (1	/2''): 0.538	(ft^2)		<u>→</u>
Lateral Area Iced 50 mm (	2"): 1.023	(ft^2)	Lateral Area Width	Mount
			Effective Projected Area (EPA) Lateral includes all applicable o coefficients but does not incl	drag factors or force
Accept	<u>C</u> ancel			

Changes of entries will become effective after "Accept" button is clicked.

#### **TX** Lines

Dish Antennas Non-Dish Ar Manufacti		Non-Dick Antonnoo		ennas	TX Lines	
	2	27 records.				
Туре	Description	Size (in)	Width (in)	Depth (in)	Unit Mass (Ibs/ft)	Shape 🛓
Air-Dielectric	HJ12P-50A	2.25	2.378	2.378	1.16	Round
Air-Dielectric	HJ5P-50A	0.875	1.102	1.102	0.54	Round
Air-Dielectric	HJ7P-50A	1.625	1.980	1.980	1.04	Round
Circular Waveguide	WC109	1.09	1.087	1.087	1.21	Round
Circular Waveguide	WC166	1.66	1.654	1.654	2.82	Round
Circular Waveguide	WC281	2.81	2.795	2.795	3.63	Round
Elliptical Waveguide	EW127	1.11	0.673	1.110	0.29	Elliptical
Elliptical Waveguide	EW132	0.96	0.610	0.961	0.22	Elliptical
Elliptical Waveguide	EW17	5.65	2.988	5.650	2.73	Elliptical
Elliptical Waveguide	EW180	0.79	0.488	0.791	0.15	Elliptical
Elliptical Waveguide	EW20	5.02	2.831	5.020	1.85	Elliptical
I = 00-00-015 + 7 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10	EV-7000	07	0.441	0 701	0.10	
<u>P</u> rint	Add new Record	<u>D</u> ele	te Record		<u>E</u> dit Reco	rd

To add or edit a record click on "Add new Record" or "Edit Record" buttons respectively. Following screen will be displayed.

Edit TX Line			
Туре:	Elliptical Wav	/eguide	
Description:	EW127		
Size (in):	1.110		Round Elliptic Rectang.
Width :	0.673	(in)	
Depth :	1.110	(in)	
Unit Mass :	0.29	(Ibs/ft)	Bracket
			Typical Positions of TX Lines (Depth perpendicular to Bracket)
Shape			
C Round	Elliptical		C Rectangular
Accept	<u>C</u> ancel		

Changes of entries will become effective after "Accept" button is clicked.

## Mounts

From the main menu, click on **Database Management** and **Mounts** submenu. Following screen will be displayed.

Antenna Mounts Management	
Table of Mounts Manufacturers	Antenna Mounts
1 records. Manufacturer (Table) Name	Add new Manufacturer (Table)
▶ none	Delete Manufacturer (Table)
Exit Database: USER	

User may add new manufacturers (as is the case with Non-Dish Antennas) or delete them.

#### **Antenna Mounts**

IIId	Mounts Managen	nent					
	Table of Mount	s Manufacturers	)	A	ntenna M	lounts	
		Table: nor		ds.		Frontal	Frontal
	Catalogue Name	Description	Height (ft)	Width (ft)	Depth (ft)		Area Iced
▶	none	n/a	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
<u>•</u>							Þ
	lect Table none		Edit Record	d Ar	ld Record		▶ te Record <u>P</u> rint

To add or edit a record click on "Add new Record" or "Edit Record" buttons respectively. Following screen will be displayed.

Edit Antenna Mount, tab	le: none				
Catalogue Name:	none				
Description:	n/a				
Height :	0.000	(ft)	Weight :	0.00	(lbs)
Width :	0.000	(ft)	Weight Iced 10 mm:	0.00	(lbs)
Depth :	0.000	(ft)	Weight Iced 50 mm :	0.00	(lbs)
Frontal Area :	0.000	(ft^2)	Round	F	~
Frontal Area Iced 10 mm:	0.000	(ft^2)			
Frontal Area Iced 50 mm:	0.000	(ft^2)			
Lateral Area :	0.000	(ft^2)			
Lateral Area Iced 10 mm:	0.000	(ft^2)			
Lateral Area Iced 50 mm:	0.000	(ft^2)			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-			
Accept	<u>C</u> ancel				

Perform the editing and press "Accept" button to update or "Cancel" otherwise.

## **Database Setup**

From the main menu, click on **Database Management** and **Database Setup** submenu.

Following screen will be displayed.

/	
Create Remote Database	Synchronize Databases
	1 records
Remote Database Location	
▶ n:\Engineering\Programs\TSTower	
Add New Remote Database	
Populate from Master Database	Check Integrity
Populate from <u>M</u> aster Database	Check Integrity
Populate from <u>M</u> aster Database Populate from <u>U</u> ser Database	Check Integrity
	Check Integrity
	<u>Check Integrity</u> Delete Link
Populate from <u>U</u> ser Database	

New remote database(s) can be created in three different ways:

"Populate from Master Database" – new "remote" database will be replicated from "Master Database" and then user will indicate the location of the new database – screen showing selection of "drives" and "folders" will be displayed.

Populate from Master Database

"Populate from User database" – new "remote" database will be replicated from "User Database" and then user will indicate the location of the new database – screen showing selection of "drives" and "folders" will be displayed.

"Get from Remote Location" this action will prompt you to select existing "remote" database not linked to you computer so far.

Select Location (Folder) for I	Remote Databa	5e
Select Drive:	🖃 c:	
Select Folder (Directory):	C:\ Development Cesar DXF Master DB OldCode Package	
Accept Selection		<u>Cancel (No Selection)</u>

Once you selected the "remote" database it will be displayed in the "Remote Database Location" grid and you will have access to it via Database Management for Antennas or Mounts.

"Check Integrity" will perform the comparison of the records between selected remote database and "Master Database" and display differences.

"Delete Link" will remove a link between selected "remote" database and the program (such database will not be accessible to you).

Synchronize Databases - instructions as shown on attached screenshot.

Create Remote Database	Synchronize Databases
This function will synchronize remote databases with the you wish to synchronize. Including MASTER database i	
Remote databas	es - 1 records.
Remote Database Location n:\Engineering\Programs\TSTower	Select?
Include MASTER database?	
<u>S</u> ynchronize	